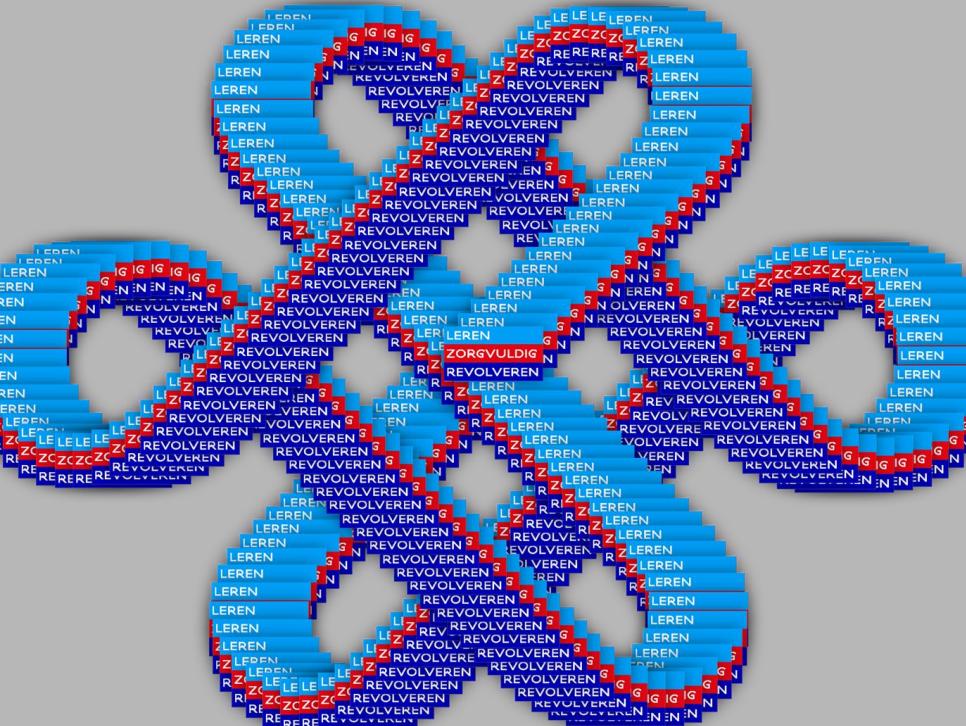


Leren zorgvuldig revolveren

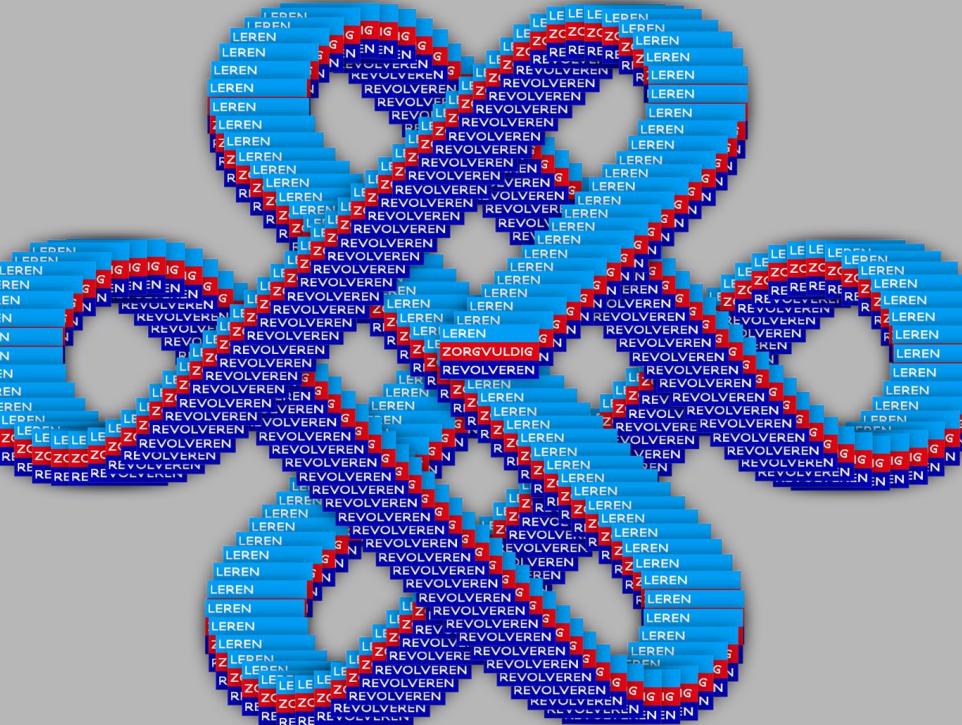


Welkom



Prof. mr. J. (Jan) Smits

Leren zorgvuldig revolveren



Prof. mr. drs. W. (Willemien) den Ouden

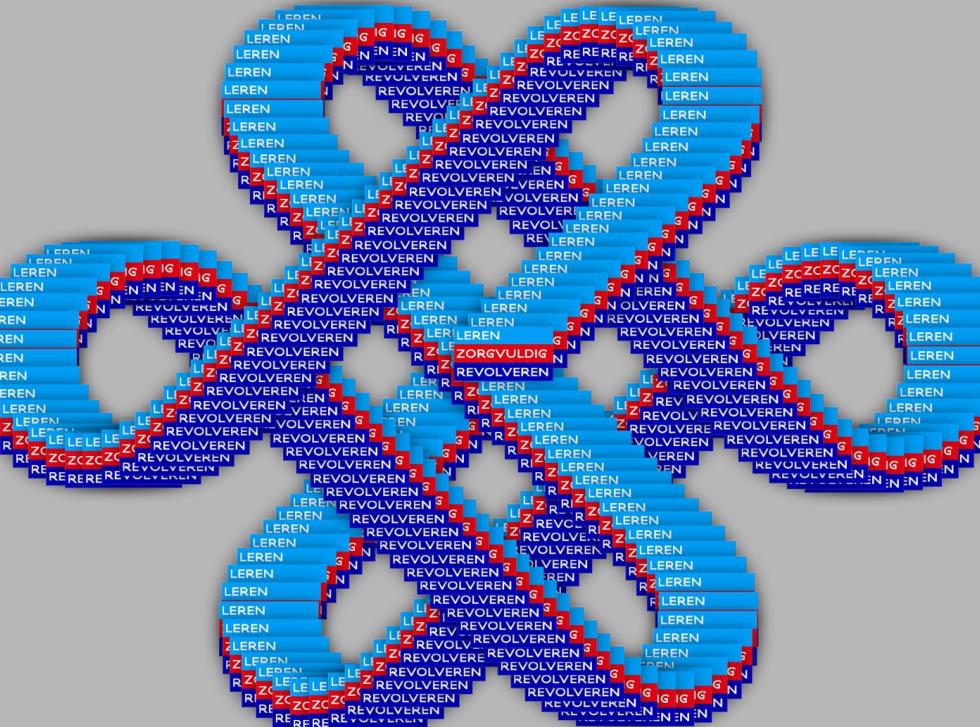
Leren zorgvuldig revolveren

Het revolverend fonds: do's en don'ts met het oog op een rechtmatige, zorgvuldige en zinvolle besteding van publiek geld

Dagvoorzitter: Prof. mr. drs. W. (Willemien) den Ouden

#lerenzorgvuldigrevolveren

Are revolving funds another form of state aid?



Prof. dr. Ph.A. (Phedon) Nicolaides

Revolving Funds and State Aid

Prof P. Nicolaides

Themes

- How much state aid?
- What is state aid?
- Typical arrangements?
- Under which conditions do revolving funds constitute state aid?
- Conclusions

Amount of state aid by objectives [2016]

NL: EUR 2.35 bn [0.33% of GDP (0.71% for EU)]	
Objective	billion euros
EU total	106
Energy & environmental aid	55.92
R&D&I	12.16
Regional aid	7.26
SMEs & risk capital	5.27
NL	33 mn
Culture	4.61
Employment	2.30
Training	0.48
Rescue & restructuring	0.13

Amount of state aid by instrument [euro, billion]

Country	SME+RC 2015	SME+RC 2016	Eq+Gr+Ln 2015	Eq+Gr+Ln 2016
European Union	4463.82	5267.31	3894.72	1505.06
Netherlands	25.14	32.79	76.39	60.04
Belgium	105.20	137.23	69.18	10.59
Germany	691.38	601.99	230.68	193.17
France	1382.57	1625.49	282.15	169.68
Italy	233.28	280.42	156.59	159.28
United Kingdom	1349.12	2029.13	363.14	283.76

Cont.

	2016 [bn]
Grant	64.68
NL	1.4 bn
Tax exemption	30.88
NL	0.35 bn
Soft loan	0.77
NL	49 mn
Equity participation	0.45
NL	9 mn
Guarantee	0.29
NL	3 mn
Tax deferral	0.06
Other	3.30

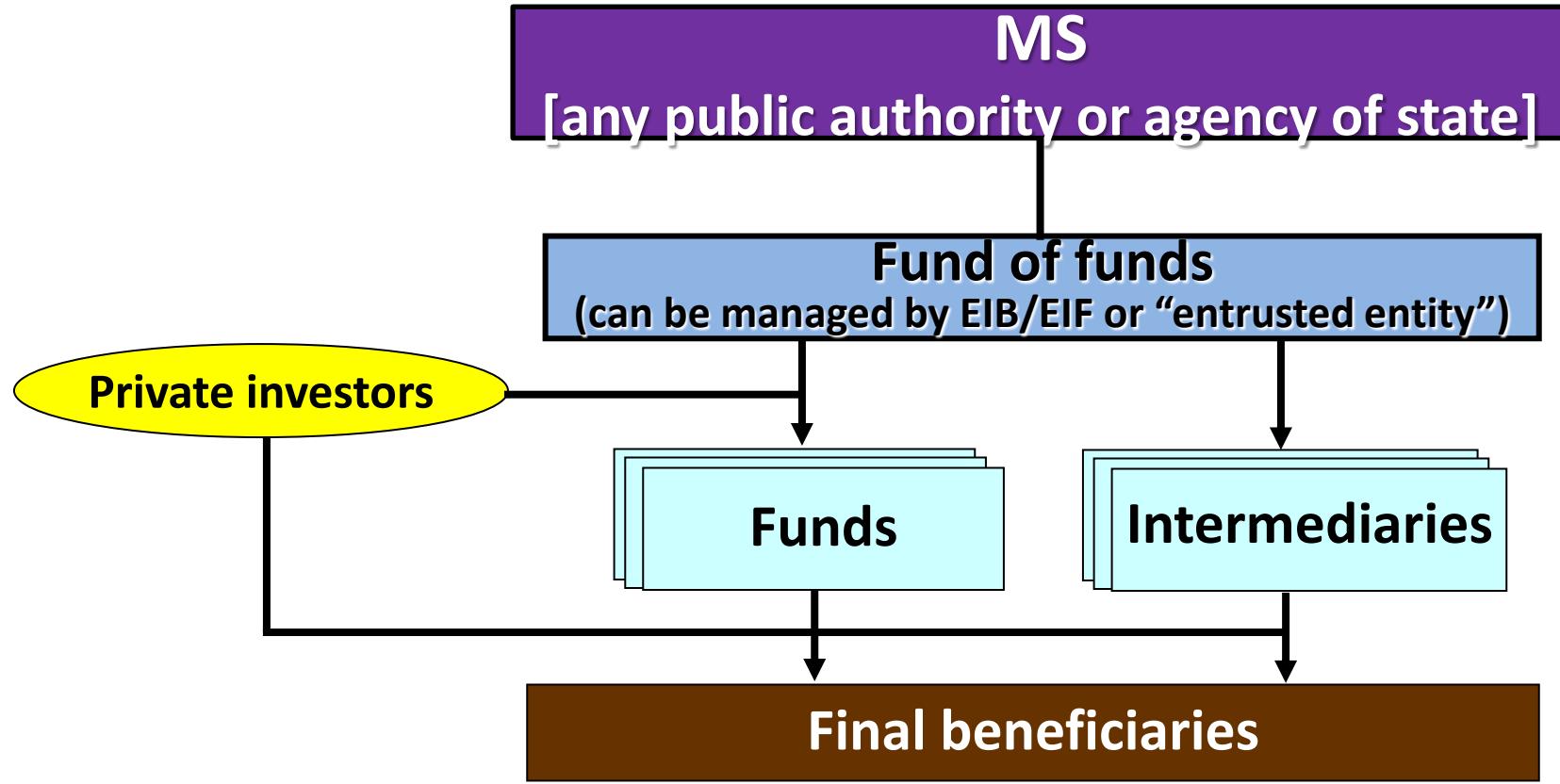
Art 107(1) TFEU: Incompatibility of aid with the internal market

“Save as otherwise provided in the Treaties, any aid granted by a Member State or through State resources in any form whatsoever which distorts or threatens to distort competition by favouring certain undertakings or the production of certain goods shall, in so far as it affects trade between Member States, be incompatible with the internal market”

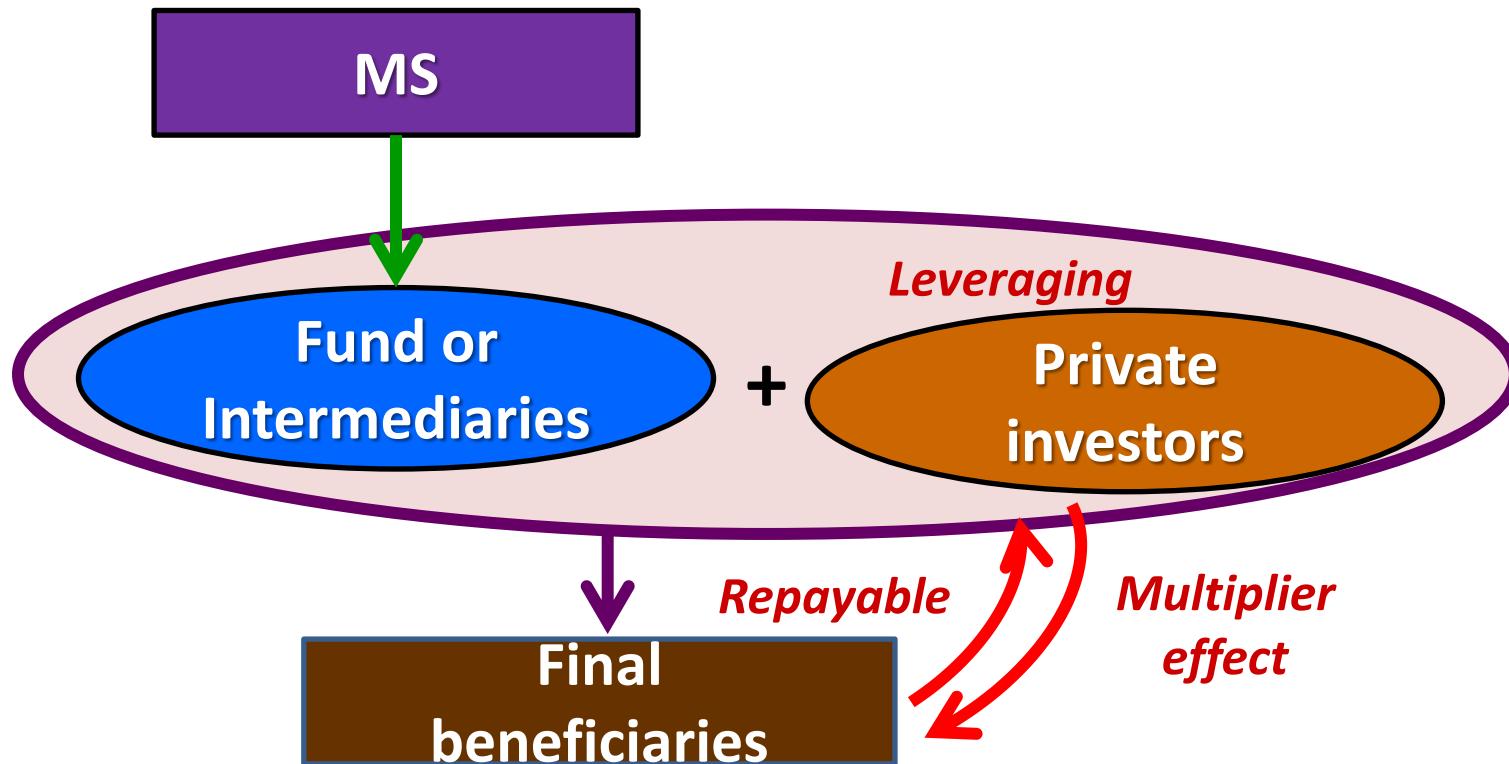
Applicability of Art 107(1): Four criteria

1. Aid from public funds [granted by MS or through state resources] to undertakings [not individuals or households]
 2. Aid confers advantage [provides favour]
 3. Aid is selective [to certain undertakings or production of certain goods]
 4. Aid affects trade between MS & distorts competition
- [criteria are cumulative, not alternative]

Typical arrangement for risk finance



But if funding is repayable, where is the advantage? And who receives the advantage?



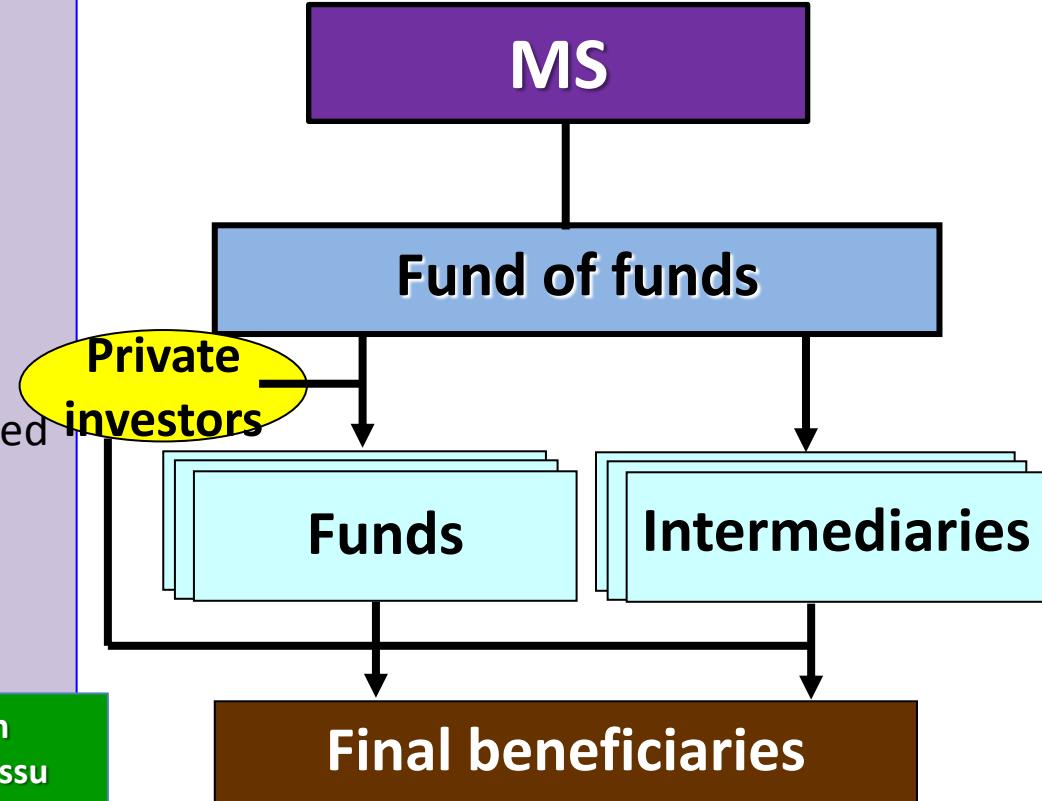
Advantage = unequal sharing of risk

State assumes risk that is not acceptable to private investor

State aid may exist at 4 different levels

1. Level of fund
2. Level of manager
3. Level of final beneficiary
4. Level of investor
 - Their principal may be guaranteed
 - Loss may be limited
 - A minimum profit may be guaranteed
 - They may take first dividends
 - They may take all dividends up to a certain level
 - They may take all dividends in a certain period

No state aid when
state invests pari passu



What happens if there is state aid?

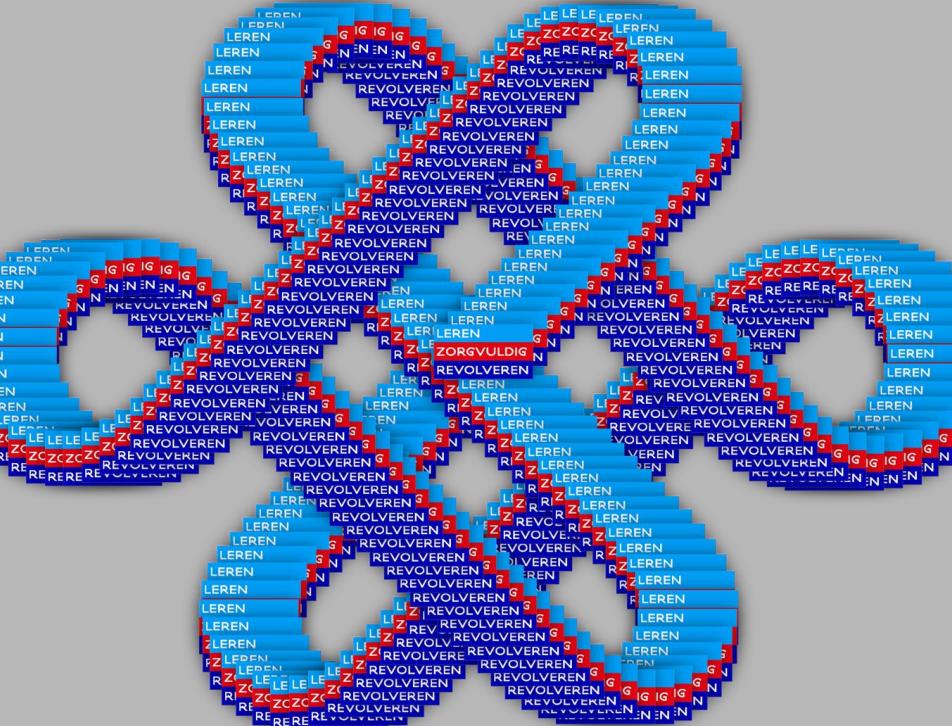
- Options for MS:
 - De minimis aid [Reg 1407/2013] => no notification
 - GBER [Reg 651/2014] [upt to EUR 15mn] => no notification
 - Risk Finance Guidelines => notification
[notifiable aid that is not notified = illegal]

- Compatible risk finance aid:
 - Must address market failure
 - Must be necessary & proportional
 - Must not cause excessive distortion to competition
 - If granted on basis of GBER, it must be implemented via a financial intermediary

Conclusions

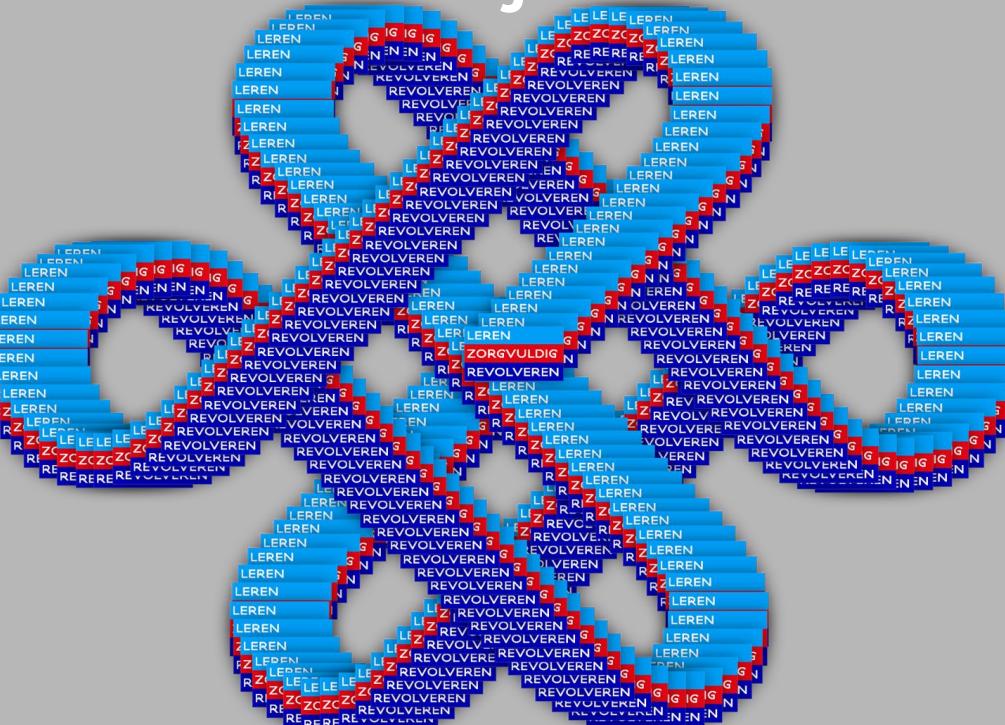
- Revolving funds contain state aid when:
 - They involve state resources, confer a selective advantage, affect trade & distort competition
- State aid can be compatible with internal market:
 - GBER & Commission Guidelines on Risk Finance
- Financial instruments not classified as Risk Finance must comply with relevant rules [other than those on Risk Finance]
- In case of doubt:
 - Seek advice
 - Re-design => compatible or no aid
 - Notify

Discussie



Dagvoorzitter: Prof. mr. drs. W. (Willemien) den Ouden

Zicht krijgen op revolverend fondsen van het Rijk



Drs. E. (Ewout) Irrgang



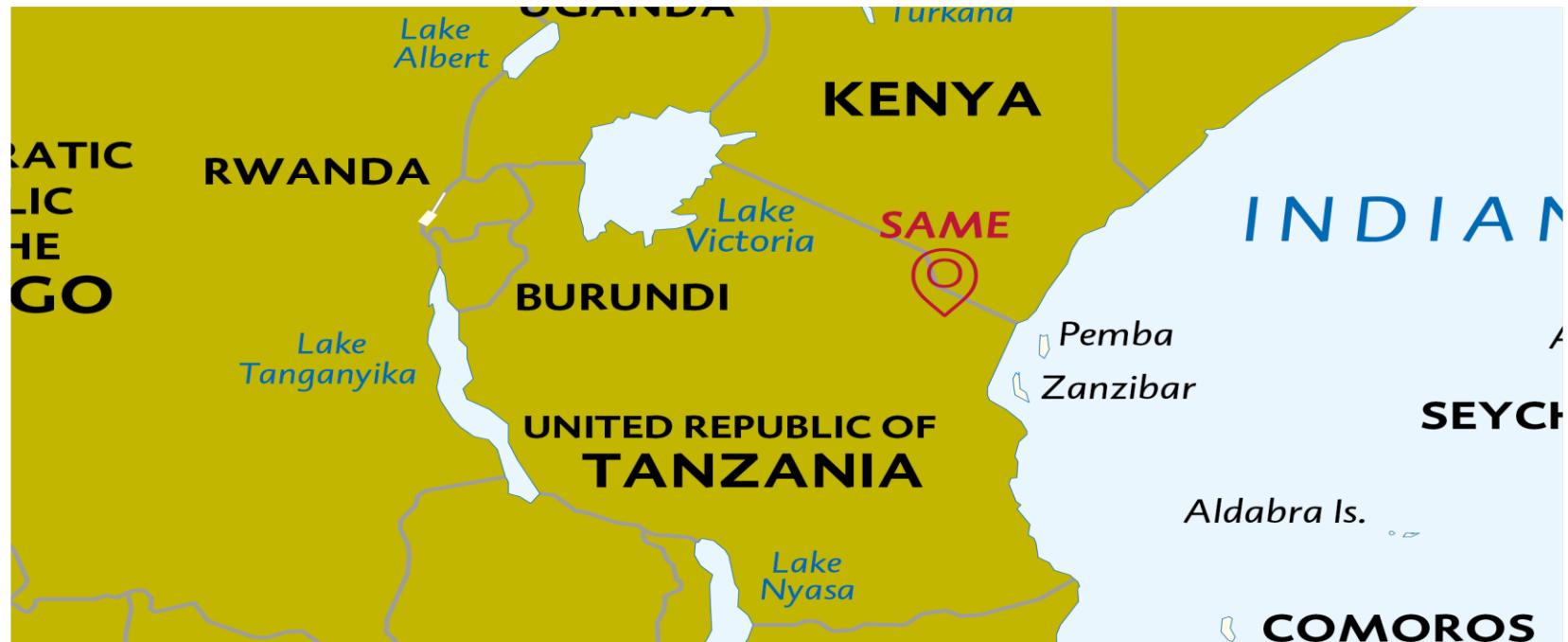
Zicht krijgen op revolverende fondsen van
het Rijk

Drs. E. (Ewout) Irrgang

Lid van het College van de Algemene Rekenkamer

Same (Tanzania)

21



Algemene Rekenkamer

Algemene Rekenkamer

22



- De Algemene Rekenkamer controleert of de rijksoverheid publiek geld zinnig, zuinig en zorgvuldig uitgeeft.
- Heeft de rijksoverheid het geld *rechtmatig* (volgens de regels) geïnd en besteed?
- En is het geld ook *doelmatig en doeltreffend* besteed? Anders gezegd: krijgt de burger waar voor zijn geld?



Algemene Rekenkamer

FONDS

Oprichtingsjaar 200x

Geplande einddatum 20xx

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Financiering vanuit Ministerie

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Toelichting FONDS

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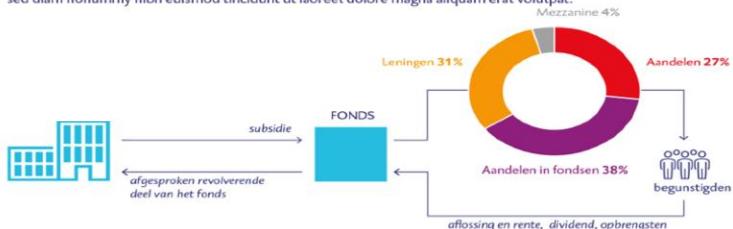
Reden voor oprichting revolverend fonds

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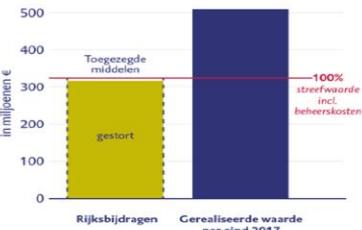
1. Hoe zit het fonds in elkaar?

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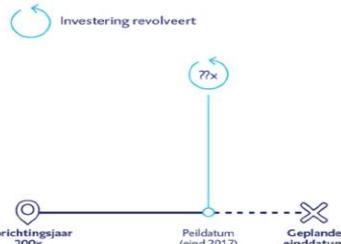
2. Hoe revolverteert de riksbijdrage van het fonds?

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3. Hoe vaak revolverteert de riksbijdrage fonds?

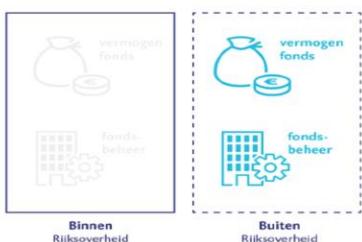
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4. Wat is de positie van het fonds tot het Rijk?

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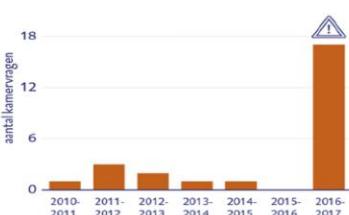
Voor FONDS geldt:



5. Wat weet de Tweede Kamer over het fonds?

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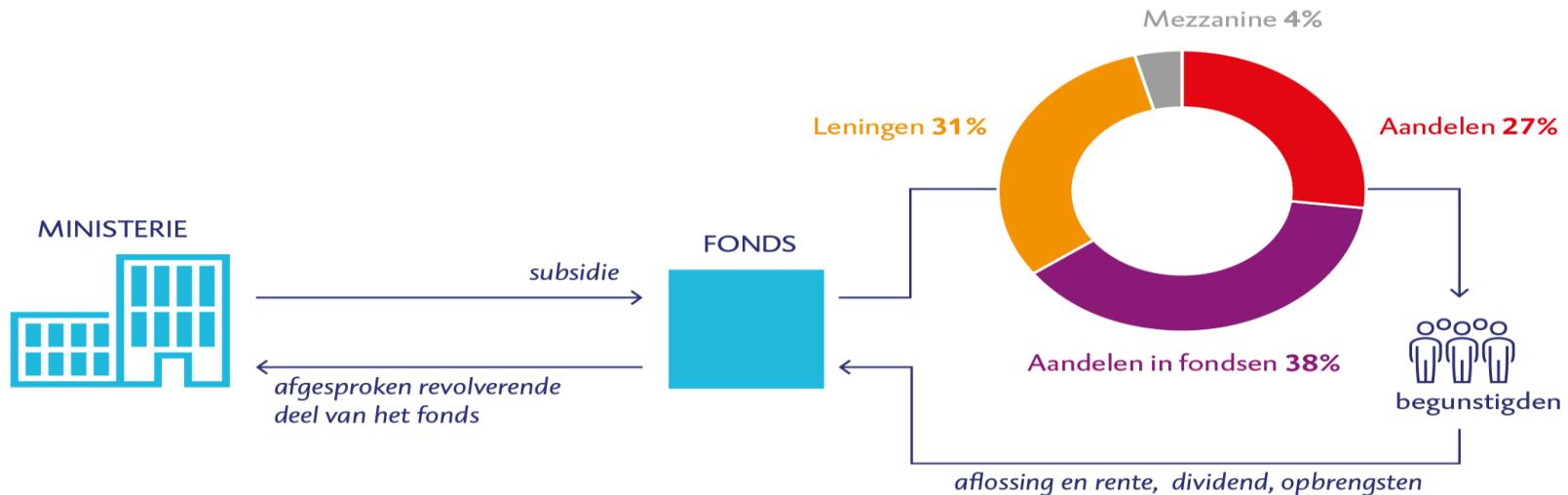
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Algemene Rekenkamer

Hoe zit het fonds in elkaar?

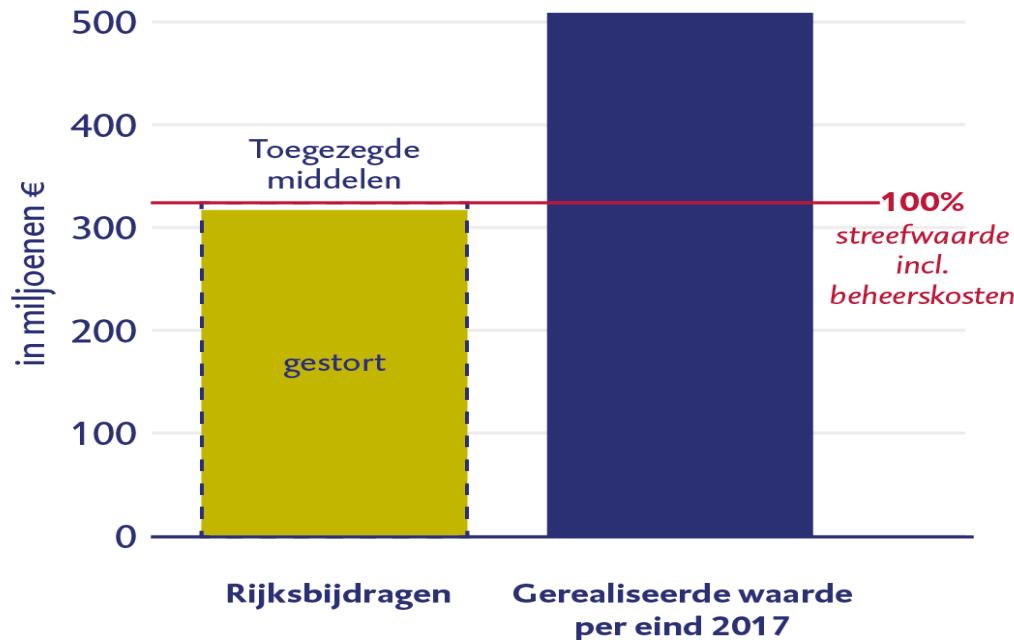
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Algemene Rekenkamer

Wat is de waarde van het fonds?

25



Algemene Rekenkamer

Democratische controle op revolverende fondsen

26



Algemene Rekenkamer



 @rekenkamer

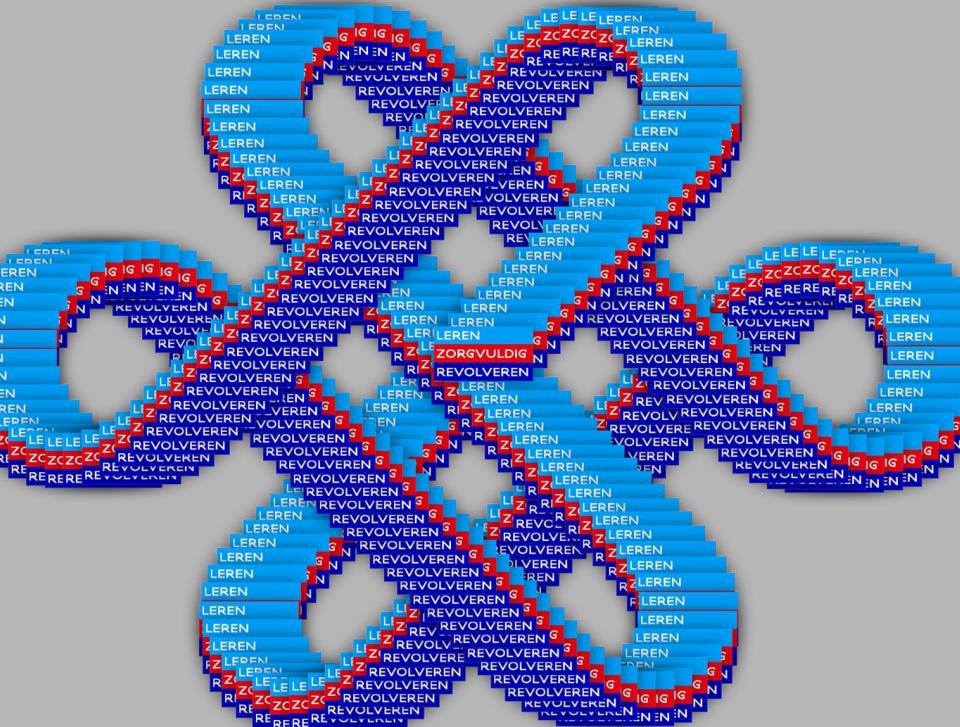
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Algemene Rekenkamer

Discussie



Dagvoorzitter: Prof. mr. drs. W. (Willemien) den Ouden

Leren zorgvuldig revolveren

LEREN
ZORGVULDIG
REVOLVEREN