Compulsory courses

# **Master International Laws compulsory courses**

Faculty of Law

# Language Course French

RTAALFR Period 3 6 Jan 2020 31 Jan 2020 Print course description ECTS credits: 6.0 Faculty of Law

# **Public International Law**

### **Full course description**

"The course is common to all tracks of the Master in Globalisation and Law. It thus aims to provide students with the knowledge of international law necessary to understand the content of the three tracks of the Master's Programme (Human Rights; Corporate and Commercial Law; and International Trade and Investment Law). The course focuses on the foundations and key conceptual principles of international law (e.g. the sources of law, the law-making process, participants in the international legal system and the nature of international legal obligations). Students thus learn what international law can and cannot regulate; who has the capacity to breach international law; where an international legal obligation is derived from and when is it breached. This course is conceptual in nature and is not primarily concerned with substantive subfields of international law, such as international trade law, international criminal law, international human rights law law. Such subfields of international law and international human rights law law. Such subfields of international law are covered elsewhere in the curriculum. In order to understand them properly, a thorough grounding in public international law is needed and this is what this course seeks to achieve."

#### **Course objectives**

- Understanding the foundations of international law
- Recognizing the international legal dimension in international events
- Applying rules and principles of international law to real or hypothetical situations
- Evaluating the lawfulness or otherwise of international conduct in the context of international law

### Prerequisites

An introductory course in public international law.

#### **Recommended reading**

- Gleider Hernandez, International Law, Oxford: Oxford University Press (2019).
- Martin Dixon, Robert McCorquodale & Sarah Williams, Cases & Materials on International Law, Oxford: Oxford University Press, 2016 (6th edition).
- Blackstone's International Law Documents, Oxford: Oxford University Press, 2019 (14th edition).

IER4021 Period 1 2 Sep 2019 25 Oct 2019 <u>Print course description</u> ECTS credits: 6.0 Coordinator:

• J. Vidmar

Teaching methods: PBL, Lecture(s), Assignment(s) Assessment methods: Written exam Faculty of Law

## **Advanced European Law**

#### **Full course description**

This course is devoted to the advanced study of European Union law. It is primarily addressed to those students who have followed one or more introductory courses of EU law. However, students with little prior knowledge of EU law are also welcome to participate. Indications of recommended literature will help them to make up for possible knowledge deficits.

The course proposes an integrated study of EU law, in the sense that it emphasizes the interaction between the two traditional subdivisions of 'Institutional EU law' (which deals with decision-making processes and the role of the judiciary) and 'Substantive EU law' (which deals with the content of EU law in the various policy areas). The course will thus explore both how substantive EU law is influenced by the structure of the EU Treaties and institutions, and how the EU's institutional framework has evolved in response to new social, political and economic challenges.

This integrated study will take the form of a weekly general lecture for all participants, combined with interactive tutorial meetings at which, each time, one specific and current legal problem area will be examined from both institutional and substantive perspectives. The course also seeks to integrate legal analysis with the social and political context in which the law emerges and operates, which involves the use of non-legal literature.

#### **Course objectives**

• Students understand the ways in which the institutional law of the EU informs and affects the content of EU substantive law, and also vice-versa, how the policy aims of the European Union

determine its institutional evolution.

- Students are able to analyse judgments of the European Court of Justice and to assess the contribution of these judgments to the evolution of a (specific part of) EU law
- Students are able to situate new EU law developments (a new judgment, a new regulation, a new external agreement, etc.) in the overall context of the European Union's legal order.
- Students are able to discuss the normative implications of alternative interpretations of EU law.

IER4006 Period 1 2 Sep 2019 25 Oct 2019 Print course description ECTS credits: 6.0 Instruction language: English Coordinator:

• <u>B.E.F.M. de Witte</u>

Teaching methods: PBL, Lecture(s) Assessment methods: Written exam Elective courses

# **Master International Laws electives**

Faculty of Law

## **International Dispute Settlement**

## Full course description

This course focuses on institutional and procedural aspects of international dispute settlement, including questions of jurisdiction and access; preliminary objections, provisional measures, representation of parties, third party intervention and amicus curiae briefs; the various phases in the proceedings, including the possibility of appellate review; and the implementation and enforcement of judgments or awards. What are the comparative advantages of diplomatic and legal methods of dispute settlement? What is the role of NGOs in the various dispute settlement procedures? These are the kinds of questions that will be considered. The purpose always is to compare the mechanisms with each other and thereby to identify possibilities for improvement and reform. Each week there is a lecture on a particular category of international dispute settlement procedures, followed by a small-group tutorial session devoted to an assignment.

#### **Recommended reading**

- J. Merrills, International Dispute Settlement (6th edn, CUP, 2017).
- G. Hernandez, International Law (OUP, 2019).

Master International Laws IER4008 Period 1 2 Sep 2019 25 Oct 2019 <u>Print course description</u> ECTS credits: 6.0 Instruction language: English Coordinator:

• J. Vidmar

Teaching methods: Lecture(s), PBL, Assignment(s) Assessment methods: Assignment, Written exam Faculty of Law

## Law and Economics

#### **Full course description**

This course introduces students to the economic analysis of law, commonly known as law & economics (L&E). In applying economic concepts to legal rules and rulings, L&E attempts to determine efficient law or to point out the trade-off between efficiency and social values such as distribution, fairness and non-discrimination. L&E is on the curriculum of every major law school in the United States and has gained much importance in Europe and the rest of the world. The field of L&E counts many prestigious scholarly journals and received general recognition when Ronald Coase, one of the founding fathers of L&E, won the Nobel Prize for Economics in 1991. In a growing number of court decisions as well as in professional journals and in policy making, the results of L&E research are put to their use. This course teaches you to assess which legal instrument is best designed to deal efficiently with a social problem and how different allocations of legal rights affect social welfare, economic efficiency and distribution. All domains of the law are suitable for economic analysis. For example, with respect to tort law an important question is how this law can contribute to reach a minimisation of the total sum of accident costs. Criteria for government regulation will be advanced and differences between tort liability and regulation will be discussed. Other topics discussed in this course include the economics of contract law, crime, intellectual property rights, competition law, insurance, corporate law, corporate governance and federalism (harmonisation of laws). Regular classes are organised by Prof. N. Philipsen and Dr. K. de Smedt. In addition there are guest lectures by Prof. M. Faure and Prof. B. Steins Bisschop.

#### **Course objectives**

Students will learn to study the law from a different (i.e. economic) perspective. They will be able to apply economic concepts and methods such as transaction costs, efficiency, and game theory in the analysis of laws, regulations and court decisions.

#### **Prerequisites**

None

### **Recommended reading**

Law and Economics, by R. Cooter and T. Ulen. Reader, containing chapters written by Prof. M.G. Faure, journal articles (also available in library), one chapter from the book Economic Analysis of Law, by R. Posner (also in library) and parts of the book The Anatomy of Corporate Law, by Kraakman et al (also available in library).

LAW4006 Period 2 28 Oct 2019 20 Dec 2019 Print course description ECTS credits: 6.0 Instruction language: English Coordinator:

• <u>N.J. Philipsen</u>

Teaching methods: Lecture(s), PBL Assessment methods: Written exam Keywords: Law and Economics, Property, Contracts, Torts, Regulation, Federalism, Crime, Competition, Corporate Governance. Faculty of Law

## **European Competition Law**

### **Full course description**

This course offers an overview of the main areas of EU competition law sensu lato, that is including State aid and liberalization measures. The importance of this area of EU law cannot be overstated. This subset of the law sets out the rules of 'fair play' of the biggest economy of the world, which generates close to €14 trillion each year. In addition, the application of its principles have important consequences for the interplay, and respective roles, of the market and the state in providing certain services and products meant to promote welfare. Finally, EU competition law may be considered a 'laboratory' of EU law: many of the innovations and developments in general EU law can be traced to developments in this area.

The course covers the substantive and procedural domains of all five 'subject areas' of EU competition law: cartels, abuse of dominant position, concentration control, state aid, and the interplay between public undertakings and the services of general economic interest. Theory and practice are held to be equally important. From a theoretical perspective, the course aims to

structure what might otherwise appear a chaotic multitude of regulations and cases. From a practical viewpoint, it is built upon the study of real-life or hypothetical cases.

#### **Course objectives**

The aim of this course is to invite students to study the legal sources of EU competition law in order to:

- gain a thorough knowledge of the relevant legal principles derived from these sources and application thereof to real life cases;
- reflect on the purpose(s) of EU competition law, its place in the legal framework for the internal market of the European Union and its interface with legal systems of the Member States;
- consider the role of each of the actors in EU competition law both at EU level and national level;
- analyse and evaluate new developments in the case law of the EU courts or in the administrative practice of the Commission.

### Prerequisites

A thorough knowledge of EU substantive and institutional law is a prerequisite to follow the course.

### **Recommended reading**

#### Literature:

• Reader with selected legal sources, case-law and materials.

IER4009 Period 2 28 Oct 2019 20 Dec 2019 Print course description ECTS credits: 6.0 Instruction language: English Coordinator:

• <u>W. Devroe</u>

Teaching methods: PBL, Lecture(s) Assessment methods: Final paper, Written exam Keywords: EU Competition Law, Cartels, Abuse of dominant position, concentration control, State aid, services of general economic interest Faculty of Law

# **International Human Rights Law**

### **Full course description**

This course offers an overview and in-depth discussion of some of the key concepts and notions of international human rights law and an introduction into some selected topics. The course will focus on the protection of human rights at the international level, that is developments occurring within the framework of the United Nations and regional organisations in particular. A number of introductory texts, questions and comments listed in the course-book will guide students through this course.

The course will cover both the substance of human rights and procedural issues. This means that attention will be given to the human rights normative framework, such as the different categories of rights, but also to international supervisory and monitoring procedures as developed within the United Nations and regional organisations. In addition, the notion of the universality of human rights and challenges to this concept will be discussed.

Furthermore, a number of current issues, which from the perspective of globalisation directly or indirectly impact upon the protection of human rights, will be discussed. These include victims' rights and reparation, human rights and counter-terrorism and globalisation and its impact on human rights.

The Bantekas/Oette textbook (see below) which will be used is not only about the theoretical framework underlying the protection of human rights, but also about practice. It will discuss how different actors use human rights instruments and procedures as practical tools to foster the protection of human rights, but also the limitations and dilemmas arising from this. Each chapter of the textbook contains questions, points for further consideration, case examples and interviews with practitioners. In their book the authors take a dynamic and progressive position towards the protection of human rights.

These materials are supplemented by a number of primary sources (judgments, Views, General Comments, resolutions, press reports etc.), other selected readings and websites.

During the course a **mock examination of a human rights state report** by a United Nations treaty monitoring body will be organized. Participation is optional. Students are expected to play a role in this practical skills exercise. Participation in the mock examination will be incorporated in the final grade for this course. Details will be explained during the first tutorial meeting and lecture.

This course is a specialisation core course within the Human Rights Track of GAL. It prepares students for other courses, such as Human Rights of Women and Human Development and Human Rights.

### **Course objectives**

- Students understand how the human rights track (specialization) they have chosen relates to and interacts with the other tracks of the Globalisation & Law Master program.
- Students understand the underlying theoretical notions of international human rights law, such as universality, non-discrimination and enforcement.
- Students understand the typical features of international human rights law compared to other branches of public international law.

- Students have knowledge of and understand at an advanced level international human rights standards and monitoring mechanisms (especially those developed within the framework of international organizations) and are able to apply these to specific present-day cases and situations in a global society.
- Students have knowledge of the possibilities, limitations and challenges of applying human rights in practice by different actors (governments, courts, NGOs, individuals, international organisations).
- Students learn and apply skills relating to the UN human rights state reporting procedure to a real country situation.

### Prerequisites

Basic knowledge of international human rights norms and procedures.

#### **Recommended reading**

- I. Bantekas and L. Oette, International Human Rights Law and Practice, Cambridge University Press, second edition, 2016.
- U. Khaliq, International Human Rights Law Documents, Cambridge University Press, 2018.
- Selected additional reading materials.

IER4012 Period 2 28 Oct 2019 20 Dec 2019 <u>Print course description</u> ECTS credits: 6.0 Instruction language: English Coordinator:

• <u>A.P.M. Coomans</u>

Teaching methods: Lecture(s), PBL, Skills Assessment methods: Written exam Faculty of Law

## **European Criminal Law**

#### **Full course description**

During this course we will focus on the influence of European Union law on national criminal law and criminal procedure. The goal of this course is to understand the indirect and direct influence of European norms on national substantive and procedural criminal norms; also the emerging of European criminal norms will be analysed. This course does not deal with issues of cooperation between the Member States, such as the European Arrest Warrant and Europol; those topics are the subjects of the bachelor course European Criminal Justice Area (LAW3012). In the first session, the

students are familiarised with the field of European Criminal law by understanding the competence of the Union in this field, the obligation of the Member States and the interaction between European and criminal law in the context of European law enforcement. The second session deals with the influence of European law by criminal law and vice versa in the field of the four freedoms. In the following sessions we examine the emerging of European criminal norms of substantive and procedural criminal law. Further issues on the relation between criminal law, general principles of Union law and human rights are addressed. Special attention is paid to the enforcement of European law by national authorities and on the method of preliminary rulings in criminal law. During the tutorials, students are required to apply advance research and analytical skills such as writing ECJ preliminary reference questions (or answers) and conducting research on the implementing national legislation of European Criminal law instruments. Because of the content of the course, a good knowledge of European law and criminal law is required.

#### **Course objectives**

The goal of the course is to examine the influence of European Union law on criminal law and analyse the emergence of European Criminal law norms. The course also aims at a deeper understanding of the practical areas of European Criminal law such as the implementation of EU rules and the preliminary reference procedure before the ECJ.

### Prerequisites

Basic knowledge of European law and of a national criminal justice system.

#### **Recommended reading**

Literature:

- André Klip, European Criminal Law: An Integrative Approach, Intersentia, third edition, Cambridge-Antwerpen 2016;
- André Klip, Materials on European Criminal Law, third edition Cambridge-Antwerpen 2017
- Reader with additional literature and case law, as announced in the course book

CRI4007 Period 4 3 Feb 2020 3 Apr 2020 Print course description ECTS credits: 6.0 Instruction language: English Coordinator:

• <u>A.H. Klip</u>

Teaching methods: PBL, Lecture(s)

Assessment methods: Written exam, Final paper Keywords: European Criminal law, national criminal substantive and procedural law Faculty of Law

# **European Labour and Social Security Law**

### **Full course description**

This course involves the social aspects of the European Union: free movement of workers, coordination of social security schemes, prohibitions of discrimination on grounds such as gender, race and sexual orientation, health & safety at the workplace, fundamental employee rights with regard to individual and collective action, employees rights in the event of transfer of undertakings or insolvency of employers, the role of social partners and European collective agreements, and the social policy chapters in the Treaties of Rome, Maastricht, Amsterdam and Nice. The course also explains how social legislation is made within the EU and how it relates to the four freedoms of the EU.

### **Course objectives**

- To accomplish understanding in detail of European Labour Law and Social Security Law and of its place within the larger EU legislative framework.
- To accomplish an accurate analysis of European Court of Justice cases on Social Law
- To accomplish knowledge of the systematic infrastructure of EU Social Law
- To achieve the competence to think and argue on topics of EU Social Law
- To achieve the ability to recognize the relevant material aspects of EU Social Law when analysing case studies.

### Prerequisites

General knowledge of EU law, and basic knowledge of Human rights and social law.

### **Recommended reading**

Barnard, EU Law, handbook

PUB4007 Period 5 13 Apr 2020 12 Jun 2020 Print course description ECTS credits: 6.0 Instruction language: English Coordinator:

• <u>A.P. van der Mei</u>

Teaching methods: PBL Assessment methods: Written exam Faculty of Law

# **Intellectual Property Law**

#### **Full course description**

This course covers the substantial legal aspects of industrial and intellectual property law with specific relevance for the Information Society as well as the management of Intellectual Property Rights (IPRs). As such the economic rationale of IPRs is covered in respect of the creation and the regulation of markets in information. In order to get a full grasp of legal entitlements for creators in the information age, copyrights, database, patents and trade mark law will be juxtaposed with technological developments, such as multimedia, (open source) software, file sharing, domain name grabbing, and placed in the economic context of competition, management of IPRs and electronic commerce. Knowledge of the legal and economic rationale for the protection of intellectual and industrial creativity through acquisition of the fundamentals of intellectual and industrial property rights, (unfair) competition law, and management of intellectual property rights (IPRs) on an international, European, and national level. Among IPRs covered in the course are copy- and neighbouring rights, software, databases, trademarks, designs, and patents. Study of procedural matters concerning the subsistence, acquisition, application, registration, opposition, duration, surrender, revocation, invalidity, judicial review, and jurisdiction of all IPRs is required. In addition, an understanding of international and EC competition policy in cases of passing off and unfair practices, free movement of goods, and abuse of rights in light of the information society has to be acquired. Students are expected to acquire this knowledge through study of the structure of international organizations, treaties, EC Regulations & Directives, and literature.

#### **Recommended reading**

- Christie/Gare, Blackstone's Statutes on Intellectual Property 13th edition (Oxford Univerity Press)
- Kur/Dreier, European Intellectual Property Law (2013, Edward Elgar)
- WIPO Intellectual Property Handbook: Policy, Law and Use (2004, WIPO) -Online

IER4033 Period 2 28 Oct 2019 20 Dec 2019 Print course description ECTS credits: 6.0 Instruction language: English Coordinator:

• <u>A.W.J. Kamperman Sanders</u>

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Teaching methods: PBL
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Assessment methods: Written exam Faculty of Law

# **International Trade Law**

### **Full course description**

This course, a compulsory course in the International Trade and Investment Law track of the Globalisation and Law Masters, deals with the rules regulating economic globalisation and international trade. It covers core aspects of the institutional and substantive law of the World Trade Organization (WTO). The WTO, established in 1995, is at the forefront of the multilateral effort to manage economic globalisation and governs the trade relations between the WTO's 164 Members. The WTO plays a crucial role in preventing international trade disputes from escalating into trade wars. However, WTO law not only plays an important role in state-to-state relations, it also affects each of us directly, as it significantly influences, for example, the price of the cars we drive and the quality of food we eat. The course addresses the following themes: • International trade and the WTO as an institution (on the phenomenon of economic globalisation, the arguments for and against free trade, the law of the WTO and the history, objectives, structure, functions, decision-making and membership of the WTO); • Dispute settlement in the WTO; • Principles of non-discrimination (on the obligations of most-favoured- nation treatment and national treatment); • Rules on market access (on tariff barriers and non-tariff barriers to trade in goods and services); and • Trade liberalisation versus other societal values (on general public policy exceptions and security exceptions). The course is built around a number of true-to-life international trade problems that form the basis for tutorial exercises.

### **Course objectives**

- The student acquires up-to-date knowledge of the institutional and substantive law of the World Trade Organization;
- The student understands and is able to engage in debate on legal issues relating to the World Trade Organization and can assess the relationship between WTO rules and the protection of non-trade values;
- The student can identify international trade law issues arising from fictional case studies;
- The student is able to analyse and form a reasoned opinion with regard to true-to-life international trade problems;
- The student is able to write well-motivated legal opinions on international trade problems and to present these orally in class.

## Prerequisites

Students are expected to have followed a previous course in international law or European law and therefore such basic knowledge will be presumed.

### **Recommended reading**

The textbook used in this course is VAN DEN BOSSCHE, P. and ZDOUC, W., The Law and Policy of the World Trade Organization, 4th Edition (Cambridge University Press, 2017). This book is available at the Studystore, Maastricht or can be ordered on Amazon. Furthermore, it is convenient

for students to have a copy of The WTO Agreements: The Marrakesh Agreement establishing the World Trade Organization and its Annexes (Cambridge University Press, 2017). However, students can also find the relevant WTO legal texts on the WTO website (www.wto.org) and can use a printout of these texts. Students are advised to consult the WTO website and the website of DG Trade of the European Commission (www.europa.eu.int), regularly, for information on the latest developments. The websites of major international newspapers, such as The Financial Times (www.ft.com) are also excellent sources of information.

IER4002 Period 1 2 Sep 2019 25 Oct 2019 Print course description ECTS credits: 6.0 Instruction language: English Coordinator:

• <u>M.D. Prévost</u>

Teaching methods: Lecture(s), PBL Assessment methods: Written exam, Final paper Keywords: International trade law; WTO Faculty of Law

# **External Relations of the European Union**

## Full course description

The course focuses on the legal and constitutional foundations of the EU's external relations. For this purpose the course divides into two parts. The first part is devoted to the Treaty foundations for external relations and its external policies, highlighting relevant case law and Treaty provisions. The case law of the European Court of Justice (CJEU) had and has a strong influence on the interpretation of competences, effect (and direct effect) of international law and international treaty law in the past. Important aspects of this case law have been codified and updated with the Lisbon Treaty. The second part of the course will focus on a few selected and important external policies. More specifically we will concentrate on the (i) EU Trade Policy, (ii) EU Development Policy, (iii) EU Common Foreign and Security Policy and (iv) EU Enlargement and European Neighbourhood Policy. While the lectures will introduce into the different topics, the tutorials aim to further the knowledge on the EU external relations principles but also discuss matters such as the external dimension of the Area of Freedom, Security and Justice, the participation of the Union in international organizations and the role of the European Parliament after Lisbon.

The course builds on knowledge acquired in previous EU law courses, especially EU institutional law. For students who have no prior knowledge on this subject, they are advised to consult general EU law books which cover EU competences, legal remedies, hierarchy of norms and direct effect in general and especially in regard to international agreements.

#### **Course objectives**

Successful participants:

- will have acquired in-depth knowledge about the political and legal dimension of EU external relations law. They will be able to reflect on the characteristics and difficulties linked to this topic and connect to their knowledge gained in other courses, especially EU institutional law and substantive law;
- will have gained new insights into how to apply their knowledge and understanding of EU external relations law to identify specific problems, form coherent arguments, and develop problem-focused interpretations (both orally and in text). They will be able to apply their abstract knowledge acquired by lecture and reading on different cases and come to a balanced and argued conclusion;
- will gain experience and understanding in case law, legislation and literature in EU external relations law and develop a deeper understanding of EU law and political and legal problems arising from European Union polity. They will improve their writing and argumentation skills from an external relational law perspective during the course through weekly written and oral assignments;
- will have become more skillful in communicating legal theory, case law findings and own ideas to their peers;
- will thereby have further developed learning skills that will prepare them for their final Master Paper as well as for future academic education and/or work in practice.

#### Prerequisites

EU Institutional law

### **Recommended reading**

To be announced

IER4003 Period 5 13 Apr 2020 12 Jun 2020 Print course description ECTS credits: 6.0 Instruction language: English Coordinator:

#### • <u>R.A. Ott</u>

Teaching methods: Lecture(s), PBL Assessment methods: Written exam, Final paper Faculty of Law

## **International Commercial Law**

#### **Full course description**

This course is built around the international sale of goods transaction, which is then used to explore a number of other related issues, such as the carriage of goods, third party relationships and payment. In the first part of the course, we pay attention to the rights and obligations of buyers and sellers in international sales contracts, with a particular focus on the 1980 United Nations Convention on Contracts for the International Sale of Goods. The course then shifts its focus to contracts for the carriage of goods. This part of the course covers the legal regimes applicable to the carriage of goods by road (the CMR convention) and by sea (the Hague (Visby) Rules), as well as the rules applicable to multimodal or combined transport. In international business transactions, a variety of parties will be involved in carrying out all aspects of the contract of sale and the contract of carriage. During the course we will consider different types of actors in international trade and their rights and liabilities. In the final part of the course, we will look into issues relating to financing international trade, for instance looking into the letter of credit (UCP 600).

The primary focus is on international treaties and European measures that impact on international commercial transactions, but some consideration of national systems cannot be avoided. After all, national courts must apply the international conventions, which can give rise to questions concerning uniformity in the application of international provisions. Furthermore, not all issues relating to international business transactions are dealt with by international or European measures, and therefore recourse must be had to the applicable national law. At the same time, it is important to also consider the private regulatory regimes set up in particular sectors. Trade associations often create model contracts that deal with the specific issues in that trade. Throughout the course we will therefore look at the interaction between these various levels of regulation of international commercial transactions.

In addition to studying the law, we will also consider a number of related topics such as the effectiveness of measures intended to unify law, the limitation of party autonomy in certain commercial contracts, the different levels of unification and the variety of actors involved in creating unifying commercial law, as well as how new technologies, such as blockchain, could affect the way in which business is conducted and regulated.

This course is useful and essential for those who want to be involved in the legal aspects of international trade.

#### Assessment methods

The assessment will be based on a research paper (40%) and a take-home exam (60%).

#### **Course objectives**

#### Knowledge and understanding

You will acquire knowledge and understanding of international commercial law, including:

• Applicable law in international sales and carriage contracts: (including UN Convention on

Contracts for the International Sale of Goods; Rome I Regulation; Hague Visby Rules, CMR)

- Regulation of International Sale of Goods: in particular, UN Convention on Contracts for the International Sale of Goods, INCOTERMS 2010 and 2020, model contracts
- Regulation of International Carriage of Goods: in particular, Hague Visby Rules, CMR, Multimodal transport
- Payment mechanisms in international trade: including documentary credits/UCP 600.

#### Applying knowledge and understanding

You will learn to apply the knowledge you obtain to identify and solve concrete/complex problems that arise in the shaping, application or enforcement of international and national norms governing cross-border commercial activity.

You will develop your analytical skills that enable you to identify and solve concrete/complex problems that arise in the shaping, application or enforcement of international and national norms governing cross-border commercial activity.

#### **Making Judgments**

You will develop your ability to translate knowledge (from textbooks, primary legal sources) into sound legal arguments or own legal points of view.

You will develop your ability to construct your own views or position in legal debates or disputes.

#### Communication

You will develop your ability to express your legal arguments clearly, both orally and on paper.

You will develop your ability to express your legal arguments clearly, in proper legal English.

#### **Learning Skills**

You will develop the techniques legal experts need as regards the gathering, selecting, analyzing, interpreting and synthesizing information from primary sources of EU, international and national law (treaties, legislation, case law) as well as second sources (textbooks, law journals, etc.)

You will deliver a legally sound, well-researched paper on complex legal issues in the context of International Commercial Law

You will develop your ability to work both independently and in group settings.

You will develop your ability to approach the law with an open-minded but critical and scientific attitude.

#### **Recommended reading**

Reading materials and resources via Student Portal

PRI4002 Period 5 13 Apr 2020 12 Jun 2020 Print course description Master International Laws ECTS credits: 6.0 Instruction language: English Coordinator:

• <u>N. Kornet</u>

Teaching methods: Lecture(s), PBL Assessment methods: Final paper, Final take home exam Keywords: Commercial law, International sale of goods, CISG, Incoterms 2010, International carriage of goods (by road, by sea, multimodal), commercial payment mechanisms. Faculty of Law

## **Comparative Corporate Governance**

### Full course description

Corporate failures, accounting scandals and the credit crisis have resulted in an entirely new view on corporate governance. The roles and responsibilities of the various stakeholders of the corporation have to be revisited. In this course we will explore the corporate governance aspects of this new national and international environment. We will review relevant corporate governance concepts in The Netherlands, the US, the UK, Germany and possibly other jurisdictions and thereby concentrate on the corporate governance statutes and codes as employed in these jurisdictions. In general, corporate governance is about managing the corporation for the benefit of a wide range of stakeholders in a society that in turn benefits from well managed corporations. We will investigate to what extent the recent developments in the modern society impact corporate law and corporate governance, focusing on the commonalities and differences between various jurisdictions. We will deal with the legal aspects of inter alia corporate organization, transparency, control, accountability and division of responsibility.

#### **Course objectives**

The purpose of the course is to:

• Develop the knowledge, theories and skills for legal analysis emphasizing corporate governance in the economic, political and social spheres of influence;

• Acquaint students with corporate governance from a legal perspective and compare various corporate governance codes, rules and regulations;

• Outline the theoretical foundations of corporate governance and enable students to apply these by means of writing a paper, in class discussions and applying them to case studies; allowing them to defend and debate about certain corporate governance solutions;

• Demonstrate knowledge with regard to practical problems associated with the interaction of the board, management, shareholders and other stakeholders of a corporation; being able to identify and solve corporate governance problems related to these interactions;

• Develop technical skills necessary to evaluate the governance of a company from the perspective of an investor or potential investor in the company and compare potential solutions;

• Identify governance dilemmas in the corporate community and analyze the opportunities of and threats to national and multinational corporations and their board(members);

• Help students analyze, interpret, and collect information about specific corporations and their efforts or non-efforts in the area of corporate governance, and

• Encourage students to sharpen their research and problem-solving skills.

### Prerequisites

Students are expected to have followed a previous course on company law (either on national or European company law) therefore basic knowledge will be presumed.

### **Recommended reading**

Prescribed readings will be made available in the coursebook and will be either easily accessible electronically or to be found in the university library.

PRI4012 Print course description ECTS credits: 6.0 Instruction language: English Teaching methods: PBL, Lecture(s) Assessment methods: Final paper, Written exam Keywords: Corporate governance, corporate law, stake- and shareholders model, corporate governance from a European and international perspective, enforcing CSR through international law, corporate scandals. Faculty of Law

## Jean Pictet International Humanitarian Law Competition

RMA0142 Year 1 Sep 2019 31 Aug 2020 Print course description ECTS credits: 6.0 Faculty of Law

# **Study abroad MA1**

RMU0001
Year
1 Sep 2019
31 Aug 2020

Print course description ECTS credits: 3.0 Faculty of Law

# **Study abroad MA2**

RMU0002 Year 1 Sep 2019 31 Aug 2020 <u>Print course description</u> ECTS credits: 0.0 Faculty of Law

# **International Commercial Dispute Resolution**

### **Full course description**

This course on International Commercial Dispute Resolution addresses several distinct, yet not unrelated, systems of resolution of commercial disputes that may arise between parties involved in international commerce. This course covers the system of resolution of private commercial disputes through mediation, arbitration (either institutional or ad hoc) and litigation.

#### **Course objectives**

Acquiring knowledge (level: Master) in respect of resolving commercial disputes with a cross-border dimension via mediation, arbitration or court litigation. After having taken this course, students will have acquired specialist level knowledge with regard to positive law on competence (jurisdiction), applicable law and recognition and enforcement of foreign arbitral awards as well as foreign court judgments, relevant aspects of positive law in Europe (Civil Law and Common Law approaches of various legal orders) and, to some extent, US law. Furthermore, students will acquire specialist's knowledge of the interrelationship between the various dispute resolution discussed in the course, mechanisms and the practical implications of these interrelationships.

#### Prerequisites

#### **Recommended reading**

Cf. descriptions in course book.

IER5016 Period 2 28 Oct 2019 Master International Laws 20 Dec 2019 <u>Print course description</u> ECTS credits: 6.0 Instruction language:

English Coordinator:

• <u>S.F.G. Rammeloo</u>

Teaching methods: Lecture(s), PBL Assessment methods: Final paper, Written exam Keywords: Applicable law, arbitration, competence (jurisdiction) conflict of laws, EU law, hybrid clauses, influence competition law on arbitration and litigation, litigation in court proceedings, mediation, overriding (super) mandatory laws, Private international law, recognition and enforcement of arbitral awards and foreign court judgments, US law Faculty of Law

# **Corporate Social Responsibility**

## Full course description

This course will offer a comprehensive analysis of Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) as the main normative concept expressing the relation between business and society in a globalisation context. The following subjects will be studied and discussed:

- The conceptual and historical foundations of CSR, its substance and analytical focus
- The external and internal dimensions of CSR and its relation to corporate governance
- The relation between CSR and the law with a particular focus on
- public international and human rights law (UN)
- international economic law (OECD)
- company and civil law (tort and contract law) including its private international law dimension
- The relevance of CSR in private regulation with a particular focus on corporate and industry self-regulation
- supply-chain contracting
- multi-stakeholder initiatives

A critical evaluation on CSR as a normative concept and its conceptual foundations and the alternatives in which the relation between business and society is expressed

The course is compulsory for all students enrolled in the Master Globalization and Law, as it touches upon a subject that is at the intersection between the legal regulation of corporate and commercial activity, international human rights law and international economic law. The course thus asks students of each of the tracks to think about international business activity and their regulation in the interest of society in a different way than the their respective focus of study suggests. For students enrolled in the corporate and commercial law track the course aims to contextualize the social dimension of business activity; for students focusing primarily on human rights law the aim is to better understand the prospects and limits of integrating companies as actors into international

(human rights) law; for students of international economic law this course should lead to identifying the societal implications of global trade activities and their related regulation.

### **Course objectives**

Students will obtain a general understanding of the concept of CSR, its role for globally operating companies and its relation to the law. By the end of the course, you should be able to:

- describe the concept of CSR, its evolution against the background of the globalization of business activity and to critically assess the concept on its merits
- explain and analyze the relation of CSR to the main fields of law that are affected by it (i.e. public international law, international economic law and private law) and critically evaluate the possibilities and limits of the law to foster CSR.
- understand and critically assess the role of private regulation for CSR.

The course is taught in lectures and tutorials. In the lecture, you will be given the general background of a particular topic while in the tutorials you will work with case studies to obtain a deeper understanding of the topic.

### Prerequisites

A basic understanding of international law, human rights law, and private law (corporate law, tort law, contract law and private international law) are required.

#### **Recommended reading**

The literature will mainly be based on a compilation of articles. The following books can be consulted on the topic but do not constitute the required reading for this course.

- Doreen McBarnet, Aurelia Voiculescu and Tom Campbell (eds), The New Corporate Accountability: Corporate Social Responsibility and the Law, Cambridge University Press 2007.
- Andrew Crane, Dirk Matten, Abagail McWilliams, Jeremy Moon & Donald Siegel (eds), The Oxford Handbook of Corporate Social Responsibility, Oxford University Press 2008.
- Olaf Dilling, Martin Herberg & Gert Winter (eds), Responsible Business: Self-Governance and Law in Transnational Economic Transactions, Hart Publishing 2008.
- Michael Kerr, Richard Janda and Chip Pitts, Corporate Social Responsibility: A Legal Analysis, Lexis Nexis 2009.
- Peter Muchlinski, Multinationals and the Law, 2nd edition, Oxford University Press 2007.
- John Ruggie, Just Business, Multinational Corporations and Human Rights, W.W. Norton & Company 2013.
- Andreas Rühmkorf, Corporate Social Responsibility, Private Law and Global Supply Chains, Edward Elgar 2015.

LAW4037 Period 4 3 Feb 2020 3 Apr 2020

Print course description

ECTS credits: 6.0 Instruction language: English Coordinator:

• <u>A. Beckers</u>

Teaching methods: Lecture(s), PBL Assessment methods: Written exam, Assignment Keywords: Corporate Social Responsibility, business and human rights, Corporate Governance. Faculty of Law

## **International Humanitarian Law**

#### **Full course description**

This course offers a thorough introduction into the law of international and non-international armed conflict. Topics covered include the means and methods of warfare, the treatment of prisoners of war, the protection of the wounded and the treatment of civilians, and the methods of implementation and enforcement. Particular attention will paid to current challenges to International Humanitarian Law, such as asymmetric warfare, targeted killings by drones, cyber warfare and the use of private military contractors. Are the present rules of International Humanitarian Law adequate to regulate these activities or are new rules required? In order to find answers to these questions we will study relevant international legal instruments, case law and the literature. Lectures employing the Socratic method will present the big picture. Small group sessions employing the problem based learning method will focus on concrete examples from recent armed conflicts, such as the former Yugoslavia, Afghanistan, and the Middle East, including Iraq and Syria.

#### **Course objectives**

Students that have successfully completed this course are able to identify the relevant rules and principles of International Humanitarian Law and apply them to actual situations. They also have a good understanding of the strengths and weaknesses of International Humanitarian Law.

### Prerequisites

None

#### **Recommended reading**

E. Crawford and A. Pert, International Humanitarian Law (Cambridge: CUP, 2015)

IER4022

Master International Laws Period 2 28 Oct 2019 20 Dec 2019 Print course description ECTS credits: 6.0 Instruction language: English Coordinator:

• W.C. Muller

Teaching methods: Lecture(s), PBL Assessment methods: Written exam Faculty of Law

## **European Environmental Law**

#### **Full course description**

Environmental law has emerged as an extremely dynamic field of law, particularly in view of the urgent need to develop adequate legal approaches to deal with various transboundary and global environmental problems. This course addresses the role of EU law in protecting human health and the natural environment against the (potentially) damaging effects of pollution. The global problem of climate change and the regulatory responses to this by the EU serves as a central focus: the EU has tried to establish itself as a global leader to fight climate change and has adopted an impressive package of secondary legislation addressing greenhouse gas emissions, with a prominent role for market-based regulation in order to reach efficient outcomes. The course will identify what specific responsibilities rest on Member States in this respect. Meanwhile, Environmental nongovernmental organisations (ENGOs) have got stronger legal rights, including access to information and access to justice, and climate and other environmental litigation is on the rise.

The course covers:

- EU competences for environmental decision-making and the possibilities for Member States to adopt (more stringent) regulatory action;
- the interplay between international environmental law and EU environmental law; particular attention will go to international climate treaty law and international regulation of environmental procedural rights, and how this impacts EU law;
- human rights (ECHR) and the environment, sustainable development and the right of future generations, and procedural rights for environmental organisations and potential victims;
- regulatory instruments for reducing the polluting behaviour of industries, with attention to the market-based instrument known as "emissions trading";
- enforcement of environmental law in view of EU secondary legislation establishing liability of polluters.

#### **Course objectives**

The main objectives of this course are that the student:

- acquires knowledge of the main characteristics, developments, strengths and weaknesses of European environmental law;
- understands the relationship between international and European environmental law, in particular in the field of climate change and in the field of procedural rights;
- is capable to identify environmental procedural rights, and is capable of determining legal strategies for improving environmental protection;
- can apply his/her knowledge on true-life environmental cases (particularly climate change);
- can develop a critical analysis (both orally and on paper) of concrete environmental law developments, in particular governmental policies and regulations and court decisions

## Prerequisites

Bachelor-level based knowledge of European law is strongly recommended.

### **Recommended reading**

A reader with environmental legal texts will be provided. In addition, materials are provided electronically by means of an e-reference list. Furthermore, the course book refers to useful documents and articles.

LAW4042 Period 1 2 Sep 2019 25 Oct 2019 Print course description ECTS credits: 6.0 Instruction language: English Coordinator:

• <u>M.G.W.M. Peeters</u>

Teaching methods: PBL, Lecture(s) Assessment methods: Written exam, Presentation Keywords: EU competences & principles for environmental decision-making Faculty of Law

# **Issues of European Integration**

### **Full course description**

This course offers a creative, highly innovative and critical view on the process of European Integration in the area of Private Law. The aim is to reflect upon the methods, successes and failures of legal integration in the field of European private law, from an interdisciplinary perspective.

In each of the seven weeks, one specific field of law (such as contract law, tort law, property law, the

law of succession, family law, procedural law, and private international law) is looked at and discussed on the basis of the following common questions:

- What are the normative aims of each area of private law discussed in the course?
- How is integration realised in each specific field of private law?
- What are the reasons for integration in each field?
- When is integration successful?
- What is the future of integration in each area of private law?

Special attention is paid to the role of legal actors in the making of private law, which means that the activities of the (European and national) legislatures, the courts and academics in the integration process are considered.

Students choosing this course should be willing to read a fair amount of also theoretical writings and be prepared to play an active role in class. Together, we will explore the common questions and reflect on the process of European integration. Current issues, such as the effects of Brexit on British and continental private law are discussed alongside classic debates regarding the need and possibility of European integration in the area of private law.

#### **Course objectives**

This course aims to discuss European integration in an integrated way, building upon the knowledge that students already have about specific legal fields. It analyses these fields with a view to the role of legal actors involved in the integration process. This will also make students reflect upon their own present or future role in the process of Europeanisation. In the process they will gain extensive comparative knowledge of the main fields of private law. Every week there are various presentations and the course is completed with a paper by way of examination.

#### Prerequisites

Basic knowledge of private law

#### **Recommended reading**

To be announced

PRI4014 Period 4 3 Feb 2020 3 Apr 2020 Print course description ECTS credits: 6.0 Instruction language: English Coordinators:

• J.M. Smits

• **B. Akkermans** 

Teaching methods: Lecture(s), PBL Assessment methods: Presentation, Final paper Keywords: Harmonisation of private law; European integration Faculty of Law

# **State Aid and Public Procurement**

## Full course description

The field of public procurement (the public purchase of goods, works and services) is one of the most important sectors of the single market for several reasons:

First, it affects a substantial share of world trade, amounting to 1.3 trillion euros per year and representing almost one fifth of the Union's GDP. This means that in the European Union public procurement procedures are extremely important for the development of the Union's trade policy.

Secondly, public procurement is an area that involves both the public and the private sector which makes it relevant for all sectors of the economy. Indeed procurement procedures aim to open public markets and to increase competition between private parties.

Thirdly, while public procurement rules find that legal basis in the articles on free movement, they are highly linked to competition law as well. Public authorities may abuse their dominant position at the demand side of the market, economic operators may collude and granting a public contract to a certain economic operator may quality as State aid if certain conditions are fulfilled. For this reason, studying the link between these area of law is of high importance.

Fourthly, public procurement procedures are increasingly used by public authorities to reach goals that are not necessarily 'economic' in nature, such as green and social objectives. The influence of procurement on sustainability should not be underestimated.

During the course 'State aid and Public Procurement in the European Union' students will study the above mentioned aspects and will focus on the links between procurement and competition law, and more specifically State aid law. The course will first present the two fields separately from different angles and will then reflect on the important underlying relationship. Topics that will be identified are: procedural elements of public procurement, green public procurement, in-house contracts, concessions, enforcement of public procurement, the economic rationale of State aid, regional aid, the limits of the definition of State aid, the relation of State aid to the fundamental freedoms as part of the balancing test, proper State aid procedure.

### **Course objectives**

This Master Course provides EU and non EU students with relevant knowledge in the fields of public procurement law and State aid and helps them to understand their underlying relationship. The course ensures that students have a thorough understanding of the rationale of procurement procedures, the relationship between public procurement and competition law in general and State aid law in particular. Students will be able to relate the two fields. This is of importance for their

further careers: students working as legal advisors in the private sector have to know which company behaviour is acceptable within the conduct of a procurement procedure; students working for the public sector should realize that public contracts cannot just be concluded with any economic operator on the market.

During active tutorial group meetings students have to analyze and discuss different problems and will learn to present and express their opinion. This will lead to the oral presentation of a paper on State aid and/or public procurement. The course will allow students to increase their knowledge and develop their research and oral skills.

### **Recommended reading**

Determined on a yearly basis due to the many legislative changes in these fields and the modernisation packages.

IER4014 Period 5 13 Apr 2020 12 Jun 2020 Print course description ECTS credits: 6.0 Instruction language: English Coordinator:

• S.L.T. Schoenmaekers

Teaching methods: Lecture(s), PBL Assessment methods: Written exam, Final paper, Presentation Keywords: State aid, public procurement, services of general economic interest Faculty of Law

# **International Maritime Law Arbitration Moot Court**

LAW4056 Year 1 Sep 2019 31 Aug 2020 Print course description ECTS credits: 6.0 Faculty of Law

# **European Fundamental Rights Law**

#### **Full course description**

This course aims to study system of fundamental rights protection in the European Union. This system(s) of the protection of fundamental rights in the European Union involve(s) bills of rights, institutions and mechanisms located in at least three separate but interlocked scenes: the national system, the international level encompassing various international human rights systems, mainly the Council of Europe with its European Convention of Human Rights, and the European Union. The result is a highly complex legal environment, consisting of systems that are often overlapping and complementary, but also competing at times. This course seeks to offer a clear insight in how the overall system functions, how the different scenes interrelate, how the systems and mechanisms operate and how individuals can have their rights protected.

#### **Course objectives**

The course offers a clear insight in the complex European system(s) of fundamental rights protection, the interrelation of the various scenes and their main actors, the overall functioning of the interlocking systems, and channels open to individuals to have their rights protected.

At the end of the course the student has gained a solid understanding of the systems of fundamental rights protection, is able to analyse, appraise and compare the case law of the relevant courts at national and European level. The student can predict the outcome of cases, and can formulate a litigation strategy for potential clients. The student can solve hypothetical cases and formulate decisions on them. The student can develop a solidly founded argument on complex issues of fundamental rights protection in Europe.

#### **Prerequisites**

Students wishing to take this course should have a good knowledge of EU law as well as basic knowledge of the ECHR and domestic constitutional law.

#### **Recommended reading**

The reading materials for the course are listed in the course book and are easily accessible either on the website of the institution concerned or (in the case of journal articles) among the electronic resources of the UM library.

IER4016 Period 2 28 Oct 2019 20 Dec 2019 Print course description ECTS credits: 6.0 Coordinator:

• M.L.H.K. Claes

Teaching methods: Lecture(s), PBL Assessment methods:

Final paper, Oral exam Keywords: Human rights – Europe – fundamental rights – EU – ECHR – courts – comparative constitutional law Faculty of Law

# **European and National Constitutional Law**

### **Full course description**

This mastercourse is a compulsory course in the public law track of the European Law School master programme and an elective for students in the other track of ELS, and for students in the master Globalisation and Law, International Laws and Nederlands recht (Dutch Law). The course focuses on the relationships between EU law and domestic constitutional law and for the latter part in a comparative setting. The course is not a purely or exclusively legal one, but also devotes quite some attention to political processes and developments, since these cannot and should not be ignored.

We will seek to discuss and analyse questions such as: how does multi-layered decision- making take place; how has national constitutional law evolved under the influence of EU law; how may we perceive 'European' democracy in the light of national states and democracies and how to assess the option of dual legitimacy. The course has therefore a vertical approach (EU- national member-states), as well as a horizontal perspective, looking into the impacts and practices in a few national constitutional systems. The course focuses on the present state of affairs (what are the present powers of national parliaments vis- a- vis EU law making, for instance) but allows also plenty of room to relate to topical discussion papers and state of discussions about the optimal or desired balances between EU and member states. It is also evident that we will try furthermore to include recent events and steps in the integration process or national developments, such as national or elections for the EP, rule of law issues in Poland, or the Brexit.

The aim of this course is to study national constitutional law in its relations to EU law, with their various interactions and multi-layered features. This perspective is necessary for instance to understand where and when to lobby, or to be aware how consultations and deliberations on rule and policymaking take place. When studying substantive areas of the law, one has to be increasingly aware that multi-layered rules and rule makers exist and cooperate. Not only on one level (EU or state) but also in collaboration between levels and between EU and states. The goal of this course is to show actual developments in domestic constitutional law and its relation to European constitutional law. This course furthermore shows the interaction between national and European constitutional law and its multi-layered aspects. It is therefore relevant to know who is/are involved and how decisions relate to one another. And this is the case in rulemaking, and their execution and implementation of rules and policies. The new Single Supervisory Mechanism (SSM) for the European banking supervision is one of the examples where two systems of supervision do exist: one for major banks and one for the other banks; the former to be exercised by the ECB and the latter by the national authorities. However the states are not free in their supervision, but have to apply EU rules and operate under the ECB oversight.

Modern lawyers cannot in many domains operate without insight in the interaction of EU competences and national authorities' powers. This goes for lawyers; judges; civil servants, lobbyists and consultants and others. All lawyers have to a lesser or larger extent to be able to navigate between different sources, actors, decision makers, lawmakers and executives and agencies. In this seven- week course we can go only so far in providing tools and insight in different domains of multi-

layered government; it is not the purpose to investigate in detail areas such as the banking union, or competition law, or other domains of the law, but we will trace the phenomenon of multi-level government and the various ways of interaction between the EU and states and their effects on national constitutional law and the exercise of powers by national branches of government. We will focus on the phenomenon of multi-layered legal systems; on the process of law-making and the role of national parliaments in implementing EU directives or trying to block EU law making (the so called yellow card), and also the role of national parliaments in holding their ministers and governments accountable for their input in EU decision-making. Furthermore we will devote attention to national budgetary law- making and the European Semester and the requirements posed by EU rules for national budgets and their enforcement. These issues will also lead us into a discussion of the future of the EU; its competences, its legitimacy, its democratic foundations and developments pertinent to further integration, or more focus, or towards a political union and more transparency. Finally we will focus on the courts and their role in the application and enforcement of EU law as well as on human rights where courts do play their role and which is a nice example of the interplay between different courts (national, EU and European Convention of Human Rights) and different human rights documents (Constitutions, Charter, European Convention).

### **Course objectives**

Students will have a thorough understanding of the interaction between EU and national (constitutional) law.

### Prerequisites

This course builds upon the other preceding courses in the master European Law School, such as advanced European Law and Fundamental Rights. Furthermore we do expect all students to possess knowledge of constitutional legal concepts and of their own constitutional system as well as a sound political interest. In case you have started the ELS program in the beginning of 2017 (and this course is actually one of your first courses in the master ELS program), we do recommend to acquaint yourself of the necessary knowledge of (institutional) EU law. We do also recommend strongly to follow the relevant news about EU integration developments and relevant discussions and papers and documents. The sites of the Commission, Council, and Parliament contain extensive information on all relevant issues and topics. And possibly the same applies for the sites of parliaments and governments in your home country.

#### **Recommended reading**

Unfortunately there is not one book on all subjects of this course. Many of the issues are recent and current, which means that we will have to cope with policy documents and only a few academic articles. For that reason we intend to have a small syllabus ready and will have compiled materials for the various parts of this course. We are aware however that developments sometimes may go quicker than we have foreseen, so we do reserve the right to add new links and documents where necessary. We will post these materials on the student portal. We have indicated the relevant materials on a weekly basis, mostly by inserting the link to the relevant document, article or source. These are easily downloadable or may be found in the university library. When not, we have made it available in a paper-reader. We assume that all students prepare themselves properly by reading the prescribed materials and preparing themselves for the tutorials and for discussion.

Master International Laws PUB4023 Period 4 3 Feb 2020 3 Apr 2020 <u>Print course description</u> ECTS credits: 6.0 Coordinator:

#### • <u>A.W. Heringa</u>

Teaching methods: Lecture(s), PBL Assessment methods: Final paper, Written exam, Presentation Keywords: Legitimacy, multi layered democracy, sovereignty, internationalization/globalization/Europeanisation, rule of law, banking union, economic union, fundamental rights protection, European Semester Faculty of Law

## **Human Rights of Women**

### **Full course description**

Worldwide women experience difficulties in fulfilling their human rights. Culture, tradition and stereotypical ideas influence women's position in society. It is the aim of this course to look at the human rights of women from the perspective of the principle of equality. What does this principle entail and how does it relate to the principle of non-discrimination. After a thorough study of these concepts the impact and use of several international and regional instruments that are based on the principles of equality and non-discrimination will be compared. Special attention will be paid to the Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination Against Women (Women's Convention) and its supervisory organ, CEDAW. We will study both form and contents of the Women's Convention and look into CEDAW's monitoring possibilities. Regardless of how well rights are laid down and interpreted on the international level, they can only be enjoyed by individuals when they are implemented and protected on the national level. Customary and traditional practices, the dilemma between universality and cultural diversity and problems around ethnicity and women's rights, determine to a large extent the de facto equality of men and women. The last subject of interest in this course is violence against women. Gender based violence is one of the most important issues that have been put on the international agenda since the World Conference on Human Rights in Vienna in 1993. Violence may take many forms such as harmful traditional practices, sexual harassment, trafficking in women, sexual slavery, rape in conflict situations, and domestic violence.

Students enrolled in this course will do individual research into one of the rights contained in the Women's Convention; each student in a tutorial group will study a different right. They will examine to what extent this specific right can be enjoyed by women in a country of their choice. This research will result in a short mid-term paper that will be presented in class and that will be graded. At the end of the course students will take a take home exam consisting of a case with essay questions. Both the mid-term and the final exam will count for 50% of the final grade.

#### **Course objectives**

The student has in-depth knowledge of the principles of equality and non-discrimination contained in international and regional human rights instruments in general, and of the Convention on the Elimination of all Forms of Discrimination Against Women in particular. The student is able to identify situations of discrimination against women and can determine which steps can be taken in practice to solve concrete cases of gender based discrimination and violence against women. The student can analyze the domestic situation of a State as regards the implementation of women's human rights and can express her/his legal assessment both in a researched paper and in an oral presentation. The student can recognize and criticize situations of corruption that influence women's enjoyment of their human rights. Furthermore, the student can identify the difficulties that exist as regards access to legal remedies and the enforcement of women's human rights both at the national and at the international level.

#### **Prerequisites**

Prior knowledge of international law and/or human rights law is needed.

#### **Recommended reading**

Ingrid Westendorp (ed.), The Women's Convention Turned 30: Achievements, Setbacks, and Prospects, Intersentia, 2012.

IER4019 Period 4 3 Feb 2020 3 Apr 2020 Print course description ECTS credits: 6.0 Coordinator:

• <u>I. Westendorp</u>

Teaching methods: Lecture(s), PBL Assessment methods: Final paper, Take home exam, Presentation, Assignment Keywords: Human Rights, Equality, Non-discrimination, Gender, Culture, Corruption, Violence Against Women Faculty of Law

## **Public International Law**

#### **Full course description**

"The course is common to all tracks of the Master in Globalisation and Law. It thus aims to provide students with the knowledge of international law necessary to understand the content of the three tracks of the Master's Programme (Human Rights; Corporate and Commercial Law; and International Trade and Investment Law). The course focuses on the foundations and key conceptual

principles of international law (e.g. the sources of law, the law-making process, participants in the international legal system and the nature of international legal obligations). Students thus learn what international law can and cannot regulate; who has the capacity to breach international law; where an international legal obligation is derived from and when is it breached. This course is conceptual in nature and is not primarily concerned with substantive subfields of international law, such as international trade law, international criminal law, international humanitarian law and international human rights law law. Such subfields of international law are covered elsewhere in the curriculum. In order to understand them properly, a thorough grounding in public international law is needed and this is what this course seeks to achieve."

### **Course objectives**

- Understanding the foundations of international law
- Recognizing the international legal dimension in international events
- Applying rules and principles of international law to real or hypothetical situations
- $\bullet\,$  Evaluating the lawfulness or otherwise of international conduct in the context of international law

## Prerequisites

An introductory course in public international law.

### **Recommended reading**

- Gleider Hernandez, International Law, Oxford: Oxford University Press (2019).
- Martin Dixon, Robert McCorquodale & Sarah Williams, Cases & Materials on International Law, Oxford: Oxford University Press, 2016 (6th edition).
- Blackstone's International Law Documents, Oxford: Oxford University Press, 2019 (14th edition).

IER4021 Period 1 2 Sep 2019 25 Oct 2019 Print course description ECTS credits: 6.0 Coordinator:

• J. Vidmar

Teaching methods: PBL, Lecture(s), Assignment(s) Assessment methods: Written exam Faculty of Law

## **Internal Market Law and Governance**

#### **Full course description**

Internal Market Law and Governance is an advanced course in EU law. Building upon the knowledge gained in general courses on EU law, it deals with the free movement of goods on the EU's internal market and EU law and governance structures; issues that are closely intertwined. The European integration process is ever more challenged with the dilemma of allowing free trade and furthering economic integration and protecting non-trade concerns such as human health and safety and the environment that potentially hinder trade. This kind of dilemma raises the mighty problem of how to make sure that on the one hand products can freely circulate on the EU's internal market and on the other, that these products are not dangerous to human health and safety and the environment. To address this problem, European rules often put a focus on science in their attempt to ensure that measures adopted by Member States are inspired by genuine non-trade rather than protectionist motives and intentions. Based on the case law of the European Court of Justice on free movement of goods, this course will discuss the legislative and non-legislative acts issued by the EU institutions and agencies to create and manage the internal market as well as the requirements of good governance. This course combines both institutional and substantive EU law.

#### **Course objectives**

- The course aims to provide students with an in-depth and critical understanding of both the theoretical and practical aspects of EU internal market regulation.
- Interactive lectures will provide students with an overall understanding of the legal aspects of EU internal market law and governance so as to enable students to formulate a critical view on the current state of affairs and future challenges.
- Tutorials will offer students an in-depth understanding of the achievements and challenges to the creation and management of the EU's internal market.
- Tutorials will be used to offer a profound understanding of the practical aspects of EU internal market law and governance. To this end, assignments and a moot court will empower students to identify the legal issues at stake and to critically review, assess and solve specific cases at hand, whilst enhancing their practical and oral skills.
- By means of a paper or case note students will study a particular problem in the field of the internal market law and governance and analyse this problem and /or case in a structured manner and offer possible solutions. The paper aims thus to advance both critical analysis, assessment and research skills of students.

#### Prerequisites

Course in EU law

#### **Recommended reading**

Various

IER4023 Period 2 28 Oct 2019 20 Dec 2019 <u>Print course description</u> ECTS credits: 6.0

Coordinator:

• <u>E.I.L. Vos</u>

Teaching methods: Lecture(s), PBL Assessment methods: Final paper, Written exam Keywords: EU internal market law; free movement of goods; health and safety protection, risk regulation; governance; agencies; comitology Faculty of Law

# **Advanced International Trade Law**

## Full course description

This in-depth course deals with advanced topics of international trade law of particular relevance for students who wish to pursue a career in this field. Building upon the basic knowledge of the law of the World Trade Organization (WTO) acquired in the course 'International Trade Law', this advanced course explores the challenging topics that are at the core of current trade policy, in a world of complex interdependence in global value chains, increasing economic nationalism and unilateralism and proliferating preferential trade agreements.

This course addresses the following themes:

- Advanced issues of WTO dispute settlement
- Economic policy exceptions (on the WTO rules that govern safeguard measures and regional trade agreements);
- Rules on anti-dumping measures (on the WTO rules governing the permissible response to dumping as a form of unfair trade);
- Rules on subsidies and countervailing duties (on the WTO rules governing subsidisation, and the permissible response to subsidisation as a form of unfair trade);
- Rules on technical barriers to trade (on WTO rules governing technical regulations, standards, and conformity assessment procedures);
- Rules on sanitary and phytosanitary measures (on WTO rules governing national food-safety measures and measures to protect against health risks from pests or diseases); and
- The future of the rules-based multilateral trading system (on the current challenges faced by the rules-based multilateral system for trade, and the way forward).

The course is built around a number of true-to-life international trade problems that form the basis for tutorial exercises.

## **Course objectives**

- The student acquires up-to-date knowledge of the current challenges facing the World Trade Organization;
- The student understands and is able to engage in debate on advanced legal issues relating to the World Trade Organization;
- The student can critically assess the relationship between WTO obligations and the protection of other economic and non-economic values and interests;

- The student can identify international trade law issues arising from fictional case studies dealing with the topics covered in this course and apply the legal framework to these problems;
- The student is able to form a reasoned legal opinion evaluating true-to-life international trade problems;
- The student is able to write well-motivated legal opinions analysing international trade problems and to present these orally in class.

### Prerequisites

To be admitted to this course, students must have passed the course International Trade Law (IER4002).

• International Trade Law

### **Recommended reading**

- The textbook used in this course is Van den Bossche, P. & Zdouc W., The Law and Policy of the World Trade Organization, 4th Edition (Cambridge University Press, 2017).
- Furthermore, it is convenient for students to have a copy of The WTO Agreements. The Marrakesh Agreement establishing the World Trade Organization and its Annexes (Cambridge University Press, 2017). However, students can also find the relevant WTO legal texts on the WTO website (www.wto.org) and can use a printout of these texts.
- Finally, additional mandatory reading will be made known on the Student Portal, where appropriate.

#### IER4025

Print course description ECTS credits: 0.0 Coordinator:

• <u>M.D. Prévost</u>

Teaching methods: Lecture(s), PBL Assessment methods: Written exam, Final paper Keywords: International trade law, WTO Faculty of Law

# **Family Law in Europe**

#### **Full course description**

Family law is a distinctive area of law because it is multi-layered (national, regional and international) and interdisciplinary (transcending private and public law, both domestically and internationally, and religion). Given the increasing mobility of children and families, it is also a topic of increasing relevance. Family Law in Europe will be considered from two perspectives.
First, we discuss and analyse the influence of human rights law, notably the articles 8 and 12 of the European Convention on Human Rights (ECHR) on national family law. We will discuss influential cases of the European Court on Human Rights on articles 8, 12 and 14 ECHR and explore relevant European and international instruments including the UN Convention on the Rights of the Child (1989). It will be argued that human rights law sets a minimum standard for family law in Europe. Students will evaluate these minimum standards with reference to a comparative assessment of the differences between domestic legal systems of family law of the Member States of the European Union.

Private international law is the area of law that may bridge the national differences in substantive family law. The second perspective of this course is thus the rules on private international law in family matters. Particular attention will be given to the processes of harmonisation and unification of private international law within the EU and the work of the Hague Conference on Private International Law. The current (and pending) EU private international law instruments and the instruments and work of the Hague Convention on Private International Law are analysed and evaluated.

The following topics will be considered: • gender identity registration; • marriage, civil partnerships and cohabitation; • parent-child relationships; • international adoption; • international surrogacy arrangements; • divorce; • child and spousal maintenance; • international child abduction; • the right of contact between parents and children; • names; • (obstacles to) free movement within the EU; and • (EU) citizenship; • religious (notably Islamic) family laws in a European context.

Students are encouraged to study their domestic legal system.

There will be seven tutorials and seven lectures.

## **Course objectives**

- With reference to contemporary issues in the field of family and child law, the student identifies the context and application of the right to private and family life and the right to marry as defined by the European Court of Human Rights.
- The student identifies and evaluates the EU's competence in the field of family law and private international law, and is able to apply existing (and pending) EU instruments relevant to family law in practice.
- The student is able to analyse the domestic situation of a State as regards the implementation of the ECHR standards and EU law and can express her/his legal assessment in a legal opinion and in an oral presentation. The student is able to apply and distinguish the most recent developments on concrete cases.
- The student evaluates the interaction between the work of the EU, the Council of Europe and the Hague Conference on Private International law in the field of family and child law, including the ways in which these systems co-exist, overlap and may influence each other.
- The student recommends the direction that the EU's, the Council of Europe's and the Hague Conference on Private International law's future work in the field of family law might or should take.

## Prerequisites

A basic knowledge of domestic rules on family law as well as knowledge of the concepts of private international law is required in order to be able to discuss the topics in depth.

Master International Laws PRI4009 Period 2 28 Oct 2019 20 Dec 2019 Print course description ECTS credits: 6.0 Instruction language: English Coordinator:

• P.M. Kruiniger - van Maanen

Teaching methods: PBL Assessment methods: Written exam Faculty of Law

# **European Property Law**

### **Full course description**

This is a course on the property law emanating from both positive and negative European integration. After a brief comparative introduction the focus will be on substantive European property law (including private international law) and its various forms. We will focus, more particularly, on the impact of new technologies on European and global property law (block chain, smart contracts and Internet of Things).

#### Assessment methods

Writing a paper on a topic approved by the course coordinator. More information will be available in the course book and will be given during the course.

### **Course objectives**

The aims of this course are to acquire:

- Basic knowledge of the historical development of property law in Europe.
- Fundamental comparative knowledge of leading values and principles, underlying policies and policy choices, fundamental concepts and basic rules.
- Fundamental insights into the impact of new technological developments on European and global property law.
- Basic knowledge as to the various harmonization attempts (with a focus on the European Union, but also worldwide) in the area of property law.
- Basic knowledge of the effects of the functioning of the internal market (particularly: the digital internal market) in the European Union and the effects thereof on private law in general and the law of property more specifically.

### **Prerequisites**

This is an advanced course for students who already have a basic knowledge of (national and/or comparative) property law. If this basic knowledge is lacking, additional self-study – for which assistance will be given – is needed to acquire such knowledge.

### **Recommended reading**

#### **Obligatory literature:**

• Sjef van Erp and Bram Akkermans (eds.) with the collaboration of Alexandra Braun, Monika Hinteregger, Caroline Lebon, Michael Milo, Vincent Sagaert, William Swadling and Lars van Vliet, Ius Commune Casebooks for the Common Law of Europe, Text and Materials on Property Law (Oxford: Hart Publishing 2012) More information about the casebook project can be obtained at <a href="http://www.casebooks.eu">http://www.casebooks.eu</a>.

#### **Recommended literature:**

- A. Hartkamp (and others) (eds.), Towards a European Civil Code, (Ars Aequi Libri/Kluwer Law International, Nijmegen/The Hague) latest edition.
- L.P.W. van Vliet, Transfer of movables in German, French, English and Dutch law (Ars Aequi Libri, 2000).
- F.H. Lawson/B. Rudden, The Law of Property (Oxford University Press, Oxford) latest edition.
- U. Mattei, Basic principles of property law, A comparative legal and economic introduction (Contributions in Legal Studies, No. 93; Greenwood Press, 2000)
- References to articles and further materials are provided for each subject separately. Students will be offered the necessary assistance in finding these materials.

PRI4005 Period 1 2 Sep 2019 25 Oct 2019 Print course description ECTS credits: 6.0 Instruction language: English Coordinator:

#### • J.H.M. van Erp

Teaching methods: Lecture(s), PBL Assessment methods: Final paper Keywords: Comparative and European property law, Private international law, Globalisation, Digitalisation, Osmosis of European and national property law. Faculty of Law

# **Comparative Company Law**

## **Full course description**

The master course Comparative Company Law builds further on earlier acquired knowledge and competencies concerning company law. The topic is approached from a European and comparative perspective. Through this course students will acquire and further develop their knowledge of the basic principles of company law. The differences and similarities between various company law systems of the countries within the European Union will be discussed. Next to that, a comparison will be made, to a certain extent, with company law views and principles at the other side of the Atlantic. A comparison will be made between the Continental and the Common Law approach to company law. The main focus will be on the law of Germany, England, European legislation on the topic and, for some parts, the law of Delaware. Occasionally, depending on the topic, other jurisdictions will be discussed. The main topic of this Master Course concerns questions and problems of Company Law in general and its harmonization within Europe more in particular. The focus will be on the freedom of establishment, cross border company migration, the position of shareholders and workers within limited liability companies, the position and functioning of company groups and the functioning of capital markets, in particular with a view to company takeovers. This course can serve as a foundation for a deepening of knowledge of the internal functioning of limited liability companies which can be acquired in the course Corporate Governance. It allows students to understand the environment in which companies have to operate in a globalizing world and complements courses such as corporate social responsibility allowing students to look at issues regarding stakeholder protection from a company law perspective.

### **Course objectives**

- One of the goals is to identify and understand the interaction between federal regulation and (member) state law in the area of company law within the EU as well as in the US and to learn students how to apply various principles underlying company law in various parts of the world to specific cases and compare the various solutions.
- The goal of this course is furthermore to further develop knowledge of company law from a European and comparative perspective. Students will study the way in which companies can cross borders and the various differences and similarities between the company law approaches in the legal systems under discussion. Students will gain insights into the positions of the various relevant corporate stakeholders. These positions and the regulatory approaches to safeguarding these positions are discussed in an interactive manner.
- Students will be able to analyse and evaluate various company law solutions provided in different systems, apply them to cases suggesting solutions.
- Students will learn how to defend certain positions related to the role of the board, the position of employees, shareholders and other stakeholders in a corporate context.
- Students will acquire knowledge with regard to company law systems and the skills to identify company law solutions allowing them to further study national company laws in an autonomous way.

## Prerequisites

Students are expected to have followed a previous course on company law (either on national or European company law) therefore basic knowledge will be presumed.

### **Recommended reading**

• Reference list with literature combined with handbooks on European and Comparative company law: A. Cahn and D.C. Donald, Comparative Company Law, Cambridge University Press 2010.

PRI4004 Period 4 3 Feb 2020 3 Apr 2020 Print course description ECTS credits: 6.0 Instruction language: English Coordinator:

• <u>M. Olaerts</u>

Teaching methods: Lecture(s), PBL Assessment methods: Written exam Keywords: Company law Faculty of Law

# **European Migration Law and Citizenship**

## Full course description

International migration has become a major phenomenon worldwide in recent decades and Europe has received a significant share of people moving for various reasons. Intensifying international migration movements present many societies with major political challenges and dilemmas. The political climate is often not very migrant friendly as many migrants have a different cultural, ethnic and religious background. This can lead to discrimination based on racial, ethnic and religious grounds.

In many EU Member States, immigration is one of the topics most discussed during election campaigns. Not only the Member States have, however, competences to act in this area. Since 1999, with the entering into force of the Amsterdam Treaty the European Union has more competences to act as legislator in the field of migration and asylum. In the last twenty years, several EU instruments have been passed in this field.

This course will address different issues of citizenship and nationality, migration and asylum law and policies. The concept of European citizenship and the relevant case law will be elaborated. The legal requirements for acquisition and loss of a nationality will be discussed from a comparative perspective. The Council of Europe Convention on Nationality as well as the UN Convention on Statelessness will be addressed. Another part of the course will concentrate on the developments of a European migration and asylum policy since the entering into force of the Amsterdam Treaty and

the Tampere Conclusions in 1999 until the entering into force of the Lisbon Treaty in December 2009. The legislative developments and the relevant case law will be discussed. In this context, the position of third country nationals, highly skilled migrants, refugees and asylum seekers will be researched and discussed. Hereby the issues will be addressed from a comparative perspective. The focus will be on judicial protection and fundamental rights of migrants, family-reunion and integration requirements. Special attention will be given to the special position of Turkish workers due to the Association Agreement and secondary legislation and case law. Additionally, the position of TCN family members of EU citizens who have used their free movement rights will be compared to the family unification rights of TCNs in general. Furthermore, migration as a phenomenon in an international and global setting and the developments on UN level will be dealt with.

### **Course objectives**

Students will get an insight in the current legal and political developments concerning international migration and asylum issues, Title V of the TFEU as well as the concept of European citizenship and general principles of nationality law.

### Prerequisites

It is not a prerequisite but an advantage if student have followed a course concerning EU substantive law and are familiar with the concept of EU citizenship.

### **Recommended reading**

- Anja Wiesbrock, Legal Migration to the European Union, 2009
- Papagianni (2014) EU migration policy, available at: http://cadmus.eui.eu/bitstream/handle/1814/30557/Chapter30.pdf
- K. Lenaerts, EU citizenship and the European Court of Justice's 'stone-by-stone' approach, International Comparative Jurisprudence, November 2015, 1-10.
- Gerard-René de Groot/Maarten Vink, Loss of Citizenship. Trends and Regulations in Europe, EUDO Citizenship Observatory Country Reports 2010, pp 1-53
- S. Peers, V. Moreno-Lax, M. Garlick and E. Guild (Eds.), EU Immigration and Asylum Law (Text and Commentary): Second Revised Edition, Volume 3: EU Asylum Law (2015)
- K. Eisele, 'Why come here if I can go there? Assessing the 'Attractiveness' of the EU's Blue Card Directive for 'Highly Qualified' Immigrants', CEPS Paper, October 2013.
- N. Reslow, The Role of Third Countries in EU Migration Policy: The Mobility Partnerships, European Journal of Migration and Law, 2012, pp. 393-415.
- Katharina Eisele, The External Dimension of EU's Migration Policy, 2013
- Further literature and material will be provided on ELEUM

#### IER4001

Print course description ECTS credits: 6.0 Instruction language: English Coordinators:

- <u>H.E.G.S. Schneider</u>
- D.H. Yabasun

- G.R. de Groot
- <u>N. Reslow</u>

Teaching methods: PBL, Lecture(s) Assessment methods: Assignment Keywords: European Citizenship, Comparative Nationality Law, Legal Migration and EU, Asylum Law Faculty of Law

# **Human Rights and Human Development**

## Full course description

Human rights and human development is not a separate branch of public international law or international human rights law. It is rather a hybrid area of social, legal and certainly also academic interest. It draws inspiration from different approaches and disciplines, such as law, development studies, economics, social sciences and globalisation studies that aim to reframe discussion of development from being purely economics oriented, to operating within a background of normative concepts such as rights and responsibilities. For example, UNDP has described development as 'the process of enlarging people's choices, by expanding human functionings and capabilities. (...) It represents a process as well as an end.' (UNDP Development Report 2000, p. 17). Under this understanding rights are neither a tool nor an obstacle for development, but the substance of development itself.

This course is theoretical and practical. At the theoretical level it familiarizes students with interdisciplinary thinking on human rights and economic justice. At the practical level, it seeks to equip students with the tools needed to analyse public policy using human rights as standards. What this course is not is an exploration of the dogmatic content of a field of law (ie. environmental law, international law, etc.). Human rights and human development is a interdisciplinary field that critiques existing law from an external perspective, and although some legal materials may be friendly to human development, these materials do not coalesce into a mature field of law.

In using a right-based approach to sustainable globalization, this course goes beyond the traditional legal boundaries between public and private law and is envisaged as a unifying tool building bridges between the respective bodies of law that affect development issues. It does not necessarily provide new "black letter" law on these questions, but rather a referential framework to observe, analyze and assess the impact of development oriented norms and practices at the local and global levels.

## **Course objectives**

1) Students understand the theoretical notions and concepts underlying the relationship between human rights and development.

- 2) Students are able to apply theoretical notions to problems in the field of development.
- 3) Students gain an ability to do research in areas where facts are complex and the law is unsettled.
- 4) Students understand the demands that law makes on key aspects of the global economic order.

5) Students are able to conduct an analysis of public policy using human rights as a standard for evaluation.

6) Students make a written and oral presentation about a topic where notions of human rights and development interact.

## Prerequisites

A basic knowledge of human rights law and/or international economic law.

### **Recommended reading**

As there is no textbook on Human Rights and Human Development issues from a holistic perspective, the planning group has opted for a combination of different types of materials: a reader, chapters from academic books, on-line journal articles, primary legal sources and materials from websites.

IER4004 Period 5 13 Apr 2020 12 Jun 2020 Print course description ECTS credits: 6.0 Instruction language: English Coordinators:

- <u>A.P.M. Coomans</u>
- <u>G.M. Arosemena Solorzano</u>

Teaching methods: Lecture(s), PBL, Presentation(s) Assessment methods: Presentation, Take home exam Keywords: International law, Development, rule of law, Economic order, Human Rights Faculty of Law

# **International Investment Law**

## Full course description

This course addresses what has become one of the most controversial fields of international law, the law of foreign investment, also referred to as international investment law. With more than 3.000 bilateral, regional and plurilateral international agreements containing provisions on the protection of foreign investments, but no multilateral agreement, the international investment regime has reached an unprecedented level of fragmentation and complexity. In addition, a profound shift from a pro-investor oriented conventional approach to foreign investment protection has taken place in recent years, both in traditionally capital-importing as well as capital-exporting countries. In both,

civil society has begun to demand a more balanced approach towards the protection of foreign investments, more respectful of the state's right to regulate in the pursuance of important public policy objectives, such as the protection of the environment, public health or state security, without a fear of massive legal claims being brought against it by foreign investors in front of an international arbitration tribunal, itself a target of popular criticism for its perceived lack of legitimacy. As a result, international investment law and arbitration is undergoing a profound reform at present, both substantially and procedurally, making this field of contemporary international law a truly fascinating subject-matter for any student interested in international (economic) law and policy.

This course addresses all main issues covered by international investment law: • origins and nature (on international investment as an economic and social phenomenon, on the development of international investment law against the relevant political and economic background, and on its relationship with public international law); • sources (focusing on international investment agreements); • scope (focusing on the concept of 'investment' and 'investor'); • settlement of investment disputes (on the state-to-state dispute resolution, on the extremely controversial investor-state dispute settlement system, and on the recent proposal for the establishment of a multilateral investment court), • main standards of investment protection (on expropriation, fair and equitable treatment, full protection and security, non-discrimination and some other common substantive standards of protection of foreign investments); and last but not least • balancing investment protection with other public interests (on the host states' right to regulate, on exceptions and defenses justifying breaches of host states' obligations under international investment agreements).

## **Course objectives**

- The student acquires up-to-date knowledge of the substantive and procedural law of foreign investment protection contained in international investment agreements, as interpreted and applied in relevant jurisprudence;
- The student understands and is able to engage in debate on legal issues relating to international investment law and can assess the relationship between rules contained in international investment treaties and the right of state to protect other societal values;
- The student can identify international investment law issues arising from fictional case studies;
- The student is able to form a reasoned opinion with regard to true-to-life international investment law problems;
- The student is able to write well-motivated legal opinions on international investment problems and to present these orally in class.

## Prerequisites

A previous course in public international law.

## **Recommended reading**

The main textbook used in this course is Krista Nadakavukaren Schefer, International Investment Law, Text, Cases and Materials, 2nd edition (Edward Elgar Publishing, 2016). Students are free to consult other textbooks on International Investment Law (as well), in particular Rudolf Dolzer & Christoph Schreuer, Principles of International Investment Law, 2nd edition (Oxford University Press, 2012).

Additional mandatory or recommended reading materials might be provided on the Student Portal for specific lectures and tutorials.

Students are also advised to consult leading journals in the field, including The Journal of World Investment and Trade; ICSID Review; Journal of International Economic Law; Journal of World Trade; Journal of International Dispute Settlement; The Law and Practice of International Courts and Tribunals and Transnational Dispute Management.

Various online resources are also excellent sources of information, incl. for example the UNCTAD's Investment Policy Hub, the Investment Treaty Arbitration, the Investment Arbitration Reporter and the Investor-State Law Guide.

IER4015 Period 4 3 Feb 2020 3 Apr 2020 Print course description ECTS credits: 6.0 Instruction language: English Coordinator:

• <u>I. Alexovicova</u>

Teaching methods: Lecture(s), PBL Assessment methods: Participation, Written exam Keywords: International investment law; international law of foreign investment; foreign investment; investorstate dispute settlement; investment arbitration Faculty of Law

# Philip Jessup international law moot court

LAW4602 <u>Print course description</u> ECTS credits: 12.0 Instruction language: English Teaching methods: Presentation(s) Assessment methods: Presentation Faculty of Law

# **International Criminal Law**

### **Full course description**

This master course builds upon earlier acquired basic knowledge of substantive criminal law and criminal procedure and international law, and consists of seven tutorials, as well as several mandatory lectures. In the first week, we will focus on the question of what international criminal law is, how it came into being and why. We will also address the question of whether criminal prosecutions are always the best way to go. Quite a number of states have established Truth and Reconciliation Commissions in some form or found other ways of dealing with the dark pages in their past. What reasons exist for doing so? Next, we will examine who or what can trigger a prosecution and under what conditions international criminal courts and tribunals exercise jurisdiction. Sources of international criminal law, jurisdiction as well as admissibility will hence be the topics discussed in week 2. In week 3 and 4, we will take a closer look at substantive criminal law, namely the four core crimes: genocide, war crimes, crimes against humanity and the crime of aggression. This has various elements. Over which crimes do the ICTY, ICTR, ICC and several other courts have jurisdiction? When can we speak of genocide? What are the elements of a crime against humanity? What conduct amounts to a war crime? How is aggression defined? In a next step, these crimes need to be connected to a perpetrator: how can individuals become responsible for international crimes? Is the perpetrator individually criminally responsible? What forms of participation are recognized in international criminal law? How is criminal liability imposed in situations of command responsibility? Modes of liability will be looked at in week 5. In week 6, we will identify possible justifications and excuses (defenses) for committing international crimes. Was the person forced to commit the crime? Was s/he acting in self- defense? What role do defenses play in international criminal law more generally? Once a perpetrator has been found guilty, the question arises how s/he should be punished. Which penalties are provided for in the statutes of the international courts and tribunals? What purpose does sentencing serve and how are respective sentences established? And where and under what conditions are sentences enforced? Obligations to cooperate with the international criminal courts and tribunals are related to these questions. These topics will be discussed in week 6. In week 7, we will focus on several contemporary issues and challenges within international criminal law. There are many. Some of these include the challenge of reconciling fair trial rights of the accused with including victims in international criminal proceedings or conducting them in the absence of the accused. Immunities, applicable under public international law but inapplicable under international criminal law are another challenge to the courts and tribunals. How are these challenges handled and how do states react to this? That will be analyzed in session 7. We will also see how international crimes can be prosecuted at national level.

### **Course objectives**

The goal of this course is to gain a deep understanding of both the substantial and procedural law of the vast and fragmented area of international criminal law. Students will be able to identify the elements of international crimes as well as the modalities of criminal responsibility for those crimes. They shall recognize possible defenses as well as assess different factors relevant for determining a penalty. Students will be taught to distinguish between the different jurisdictional models of international criminal courts and tribunals as well as national criminal justice systems. In addition, the course also aims at a thorough understanding of the choices to be made between national and international prosecution of international crimes. The ability to apply this theoretical knowledge to actual case problems will be the outcome of this course. Lastly, students shall interpret and evaluate the challenges connected to international criminal prosecutions, appraise different answers to these challenges and justify possible alternative international criminal proceedings.

### Prerequisites

- Good knowledge of substantive criminal law and criminal procedure
- Basic knowledge of international law, especially international humanitarian law

### **Recommended reading**

- R. Cryer, H. Friman, D. Robinson, E. Wilmshurst, An Introduction to International Criminal Law and Procedure, Cambridge University Press 2019, 4th ed.
- Additional literature indicated for each week

CRI4023 Period 5 13 Apr 2020 12 Jun 2020 Print course description ECTS credits: 6.0 Instruction language: English Coordinator:

• <u>A.H. Klip</u>

Teaching methods: Lecture(s), PBL Assessment methods: Written exam, Final paper Keywords: International criminal law / international criminal courts and tribunals / international crimes / individual, responsibility and command responsibility / defenses / sentencing / national prosecutions / transitional justice Faculty of Law

# **International Humanitarian Law Moot Court**

- LAW4603 Year 1 Sep 2019 31 Aug 2020 Print course description ECTS credits: 6.0 Coordinator:
  - <u>M.T. Kamminga</u>

Faculty of Law

# The Law of the Economic and Monetary Union

### **Full course description**

The course examines the primary and secondary law on the Economic and Monetary Union, the institutions responsible for economic and monetary policy and their roles, the various responses to the financial crisis, the various components of the banking union and the emerging body of related case law. An innovative feature of the course is the explanation of economic principles that have informed Treaty provisions, secondary legislation and landmark judgments. The course also assesses accountability arrangements within the Economic and Monetary Union, especially with respect to the European Central Bank, the Single Resolution Board, the European Stability Mechanism and the Eurogroup.

### **Course objectives**

- In-depth review of the evolution and main stages of the EMU
- Detailed understanding of the legal and institutional framework of EMU, including the roles and responsibilities of the various institutions and agencies.
- Critical evaluation of the recently established rules and structures of the EMU and the nascent banking union.
- Cohesive synthesis of past problems, recent solutions and remaining challenges facing the EMU.

Goals

- Students demonstrate a thorough understanding of Treaty provisions and secondary legislation on the EMU.
- Students can explain the weaknesses in the institutional structure and procedures of the EMU at the outbreak of the economic and financial crisis.
- Students can evaluate the effectiveness of the reform of the rules of the EMU during the past decade.
- Students can analyse the various arguments raised in landmark cases and can assess them from different perspectives.

### **Prerequisites**

Students should have a solid knowledge of the institutions and decision-making process and the principles of EU law concerning free movement in the internal market and some knowledge of EU competition rules.

### **Recommended reading**

Reading material will be assigned per lecture and tutorial. As a general introduction, the following are recommend:

- On law: R. Lastra & JV Louis, European Economic and Monetary Union: History, Trends, and Prospects, Yearbook of European Law, (2013), pp. 1–150.
- On the economics of EMU: Corresponding chapters in R. Baldwin & C. Wyploz, The Economics of European Integration, (McGraw-Hill, 2012).
- On both law and economics, with analysis of institutional structures: H. Geeroms, S. Ide & F. Naert, The European Union and the Euro, (Intersentia, 2014).

Master International Laws IER4020 Period 5 13 Apr 2020 12 Jun 2020 Print course description ECTS credits: 6.0 Coordinator: • P. Nicolaides **Teaching methods:** Lecture(s), Assignment(s), Presentation(s), PBL Assessment methods: Written exam, Presentation Kevwords: Euro, economic and monetary union, movement of capital, banking union, European Central Bank, European Stability Mechanism, Single Resolution Board, accountability, legitimacy. Faculty of Law

# Law of the Sea

### Full course description

Oceans and seas cover 70 % of the Earth, and their governance is crucial to the world's population. The Law of the Sea is a truly global legal system, and this course fits perfectly in the Globalisation and Law programme.

Humankind depends on the oceans for survival in many different ways. Oceans provide food, as well as tourism and transportation. Oceans are key locations for international conflict (such as the South China Sea), but equally play an important role in trade and economic development as well as. The course on law of the sea will not only focus on the important environmental aspects, but equally on sovereignty and jurisdiction as key concepts of international law. Also, issues such as law enforcement at sea, strategic and military questions and indeed human rights concerns related to migration will be addressed.

Much about the oceans and its ecosystems and dynamics remains unknown, but the legal paradigm of the 'freedom of the high seas' (Grotius, Mare Liberum, 1609) raises serious concerns about the future of the oceans. The law of the sea is at a crossroads: the laissez faire approach, which has brought important benefits in commercial terms, is no longer sufficient from the point of view of sustainability. Much of this will be explored in the law of the sea course.

#### **Teaching methods**

• Weekly working groups and lectures

#### Assessment methods

• Writing an annotation of a judgment in a contemporary Law of the Sea case in week 5 of the course (= 1/3 of the final mark)

• Written examination at the end of the course (= 2/3 of the final mark)

### **Course objectives**

Students will gain an in depth understanding of the Law of the Sea as the legal system for the Oceans. Taking the UN Convention on the Law of the Sea as a starting point, substantive norms as well as dispute settlement will be covered. Towards the end the course will focus on applying the law of the sea to contemporary problems ('plastic soup', migration crisis, military uses of the oceans etc.)

### Prerequisites

At the time of registering – be booked for the course of Public International Law. At the time of starting the course: having successfully concluded the course of Public International Law (IER4021), and preferably also International Dispute Settlement (IER4008).

**NB** – As this is the first time the course is available, only a maximum of 19 students may participate. So, if you are interested – please make sure to register on time!

### **Recommended reading**

• The international law of the sea, Donald R. Rothwell and Tim Stephens (2nd ed., 2016 Hart publishers),

or

• The international law of the sea, Yoshifumi Tanaka (2nd ed., 2015 Cambridge University Press)

IER4024 Period 5 13 Apr 2020 12 Jun 2020 Print course description ECTS credits: 6.0 Instruction language: English Coordinator:

• <u>E. Lijnzaad</u>

Teaching methods: Lecture(s), PBL Assessment methods: Assignment, Written exam Keywords: Law of the sea, Environment, Oceans, Law enforcement at sea, fisheries. Faculty of Law

# **European Data Protection and Privacy Law**

## **Full course description**

Have you ever thought of how data-based economy influences your life, business, government? How does technology use your personal data to make decisions which are of relevance for your life? What is its impact on your fundamental rights? And furthermore, how does the protection of your data affect other areas of law and other entities?

Privacy and data protection are the fundamental rights that have gained salience not only as the fundamental rights protected within the European multi-level human rights protection system, but also as rights that provide framework for activities of entities using data as a basis for their economic activity (as if it was the new oil). This means that data protection as a discipline is complementary to data management and lies at the intersection with other major disciplines of law, both applying to private and public actors.

Against this background and with this in mind, we will explore the European privacy and data protection system presenting it against the inter-disciplinary background and, subsequently, in the context of international and comparative law. Following on the introductory lectures, we will focus on data protection in the European Union, its main principles and the way they inter-play with other legal orders. During the final encounters we will explore the architecture of data protection from three perspectives: that of data subjects, who derive rights and protection from the European Union data protection framework; that of data controllers, which are tasked with principle-compliant data processing, with assessing and mitigating risks emerging from data processing operations and with ensuring the rights of data subjects; and, finally, that of supervisory authorities who oversee the compliance with data protection principles.

### Method

The course will be delivered by a group of experts and scholars associated with the European Centre for Privacy and Cybersecurity (ECPC) with the use of practice-oriented challenges and the focus on the case law of courts (both European and beyond).

The core teaching staff for this course consists of:

- Prof Dr Paolo Balboni
- Dr Maja Brkan
- Dr Herke Kranenborg
- Cosimo Monda
- Christopher Mondschein
- Dr. Karolina Podstawa

#### **Assessment methods**

Throughout the course students' participation will be evaluated in an ongoing manner. At the end of the course students will be asked to sit a take home exam.

### **Course objectives**

The aims of this course are to acquire:

- Basic knowledge of European privacy and data protection law and the way it positions itself vis-à-vis other legal systems and disciplines;
- Fundamental knowledge of the architecture of the European Union data protection laws, in particular, the General Data Protection Regulation (Regulation 2016/679 on the protection of natural persons with regard to the processing of personal data and on the free movement of such data) and the Directive on Data Protection for Prevention of Criminal Offences (Directive 2016/680 on the protection of natural persons with regard to the processing of personal data by competent authorities for the purposes of the prevention, investigation, detection or prosecution of criminal offences or the execution of criminal penalties, and on the free movement of such data);
- The awareness of the interplay of the European Union data protection rules with other fundamental rights and legal instruments;
- Understanding of core notions of EU privacy and data protection law, such as data subject, data controller and processor, accountability, legal bases for data processing, explicit consent, sensitive data, data protection impact assessment, anonymisation and pseudonimisation, rights of data subjects, including the right to be forgotten, enforcement and fines;
- Awareness of the variety of rights and obligations stemming from the GDPR, but affecting not only individuals' experience and execution of the right to data protection and privacy, but also the organisation of enterprises and the function of public authorities in this context.

## Prerequisites

It is not a prerequisite for attending the course but an advantage if students have the knowledge of the basics of the European multi-level system of human rights protection. If this basic knowledge is lacking, assistance will be provided for additional self-study aimed at complementing the basic knowledge.

## **Recommended reading**

### **Obligatory literature:**

### **Mandatory Reading:**

- B. Rainery, E. Wicks and C. Ovey, Jacobs, White and Ovey The European Convention on Human Rights (OUP 2017), Chapter 16: Protecting private life, the home and correspondence
- Fundamental Rights Agency, Handbook on European data protection law (FRA, 2018) available at <<u>https://fra.europa.eu/en/publication/2018/handbook-european-data-protection-law></u>

### **Complementary literature:**

- C. Kuner, L.A. Bygrave, and C. Docksey, Commentary on the EU General Data Protection Regulation (Oxford University Press, forthcoming 2019), see the 2018 Draft commentaries on 10 GDPR articles (from Commentary on the EU General Data Protection Regulation, OUP 2019) available at <a href="https://works.bepress.com/christopher-kuner/1/>">https://works.bepress.com/christopher-kuner/1/></a>
- Paul Voigt, Axel von dem Bussche, The EU General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR) A Practical Guide, Springer 2017.

### Mandatory legal sources:

Regulation (EU) 2016/679 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 April 2016 on the protection of natural persons with regard to the processing of personal data and on the free

movement of such data, and repealing Directive 95/46/EC (General Data Protection Regulation), OJ L 119, 4.5.2016, p. 1

Directive (EU) 2016/680 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 April 2016 on the protection of natural persons with regard to the processing of personal data by competent authorities for the purposes of the prevention, investigation, detection or prosecution of criminal offences or the execution of criminal penalties, and on the free movement of such data, and repealing Council Framework Decision 2008/977/JHA, OJ L 119, 4.5.2016, p. 89

Regulation (EU) 2018/1725 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 23 October 2018 on the protection of natural persons with regard to the processing of personal data by the Union institutions, bodies, offices and agencies and on the free movement of such data, and repealing Regulation (EC) No 45/2001 and Decision No 1247/2002/EC Text with EEA relevance, Official Journal L 295, 21.11.2018, p. 39

Directive 2002/58/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 12 July 2002 concerning the processing of personal data and the protection of privacy in the electronic communications sector (Directive on privacy and electronic communications), Official Journal L 201, 31/07/2002 P. 0037

Proposal for a REGULATION OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL concerning the respect for private life and the protection of personal data in electronic communications and repealing Directive 2002/58/EC (Regulation on Privacy and Electronic Communications), COM(2017) 10 final

Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union, Official Journal C 326, 26.10.2012, p. 47

Treaty on European Union, Official Journal C 326, 26.10.2012, p. 13

Charter of Fundamental Rights of the European Union, Official Journal C 326, 26.10.2012, p. 392

European Convention on Human Rights (ECHR)

IER4026 Title: Vrijheidscolleges 2019: opening Jonathan Holslag Column 1:

Opname lezing 2 april 2019 Jonathan Holslag *hoogleraar Internationale Betrekkingen aan de Vrije Universiteit in Brussel* 

Column 2:

Op 2 april 2020, zou politicoloog Jonathan Holslag een lezing geven bij Studium Generale. Voor wie niet kan wachten op de nieuwe datum van deze lezing (onder voorbehoud), is er dit Vrijheidscollege van precies een jaar geleden, in TivoliVredenbug. Holslag maakt de balans op: "Waar staan wij nu zelf met onze politieke vrijheid; met onze democratie?"

#### Bekijk video

Media: <u>▶ holslagig2.jpg</u>

Print course description

ECTS credits: 6.0 Instruction language: English Coordinator:

• <u>K.I. Podstawa</u>

Teaching methods: Lecture(s), PBL Assessment methods: Assignment, Final take home exam Faculty of Law

# **Legal Analytics**

### **Full course description**

Legal Analytics is the interface between law, technology and data. You will learn how to use legal information as data and apply empirical and data science methods to law. The quantitative approach to law of this course provides an understanding about how data science can help improve legal research, design innovative legal services, and solve legal problems. You will learn the programming language Python and you will improve your information literacy and research analysis skills.

### **Course objectives**

Upon successful completion of this course, students are able to:

- Explain and apply the empirical cycle;
- Explain and apply the data science process and the FAIR data principles;
- Distinguish statistical models for description, causal inference and prediction;
- Analyse (legal) data in Python; and
- Communicate (written and oral) and visualize (legal) data and results.

### Prerequisites

N/A

### **Recommended reading**

To be announced.

LAW4015 Period 5 6 Apr 2020 5 Jun 2020 <u>Print course description</u> ECTS credits: Master International Laws 6.0 Coordinator:

• <u>M.G.H. Schaper</u>

Teaching methods: Lecture(s), PBL Keywords: legal analytics, empirical legal studies, data science, programming, Python Faculty of Law

## **Customs Law**

### **Full course description**

The importance of international customs continues to grow at an increasing rate, and there is an immense shortage of specialists in the field of customs, tax and trade law. The course 'Customs Law' connects with this development and aims to provide students with a solid professional and theoretical foundation in customs law. Students will familiarize themselves with concepts such as origin determination, tariff determination, and valuation methods. Further, students will obtain a solid understanding of the formalities associated with importation and customs procedures. After this course, students will be able to understand customs rules and practices in most jurisdictions. The focus of the course 'Customs Law' lies on a global (i.e. worldwide) approach to the basic concepts in Customs Law. Various current developments in customs are studied (e.g. the Brexit, Chinese-U.S. trade wars, the political dimension of customs law). The EU Customs law framework will be used by means of an example of a legal system which governs border taxation for international trade flows.

## **Course objectives**

In week 1 of this course, the topic of customs law is introduced to the students. In the first week, it will put in a broader context of international trade law. Students learn the essential concepts and the key legislative instruments in the field of customs law. In each of the following weeks, one or two key concepts are explored more in-depth so that at the end of this course, the students will have a thorough understanding of the core features of customs law. The Intended Learning Outcomes for Customs Law are as follows:

- 1. Describe, understand and explain the relation between customs law and international trade and contract law, the role of the WTO and the EU;
- 2. Identify, recognize, understand and distinguish the principles and foundations of customs law;
- 3. Know the various legislative instruments and sources of case law in customs law;
- 4. Describe, understand and explain the legal nature, characteristics, backgrounds, and systematics of the customs law, both within and outside the EU;
- 5. Describe, understand and explain the general concepts of customs law and closely related concepts;
- 6. Describe, understand and explain standard customs procedures;
- 7. Identify, recognize, understand and distinguish the elements of the customs procedures, special procedures, customs arrangements, etc.;
- 8. Understand and being able to apply customs valuation methods and understand how customs valuation interacts with VAT and transfer pricing;

- 9. Describe, understand and explain the origin / preferential origin concept;
- 10. Describe, understand and explain customs tariff rules, the nomenclatures, harmonized system, classification rules, and other aspects of tariff rules;
- 11. Describe, understand and explain when and how a customs debt may arise and who is in what situation to be considered the customs debtor;
- 12. Have a deep understanding of the mechanisms of importation and exportation of goods;
- 13. Solve real-life cases in customs law from a theoretical and practical point of view;

### Prerequisites

None

### **Recommended reading**

To be announced.

TAX4027 Period 4 3 Feb 2020 3 Apr 2020 <u>Print course description</u> ECTS credits: 6.0 Coordinator:

• F.J.G. Nellen

Teaching methods: Lecture(s), PBL Keywords: Customs, origin and tariff determination, Brexit, trade wars, customs procedures. Faculty of Law

# The Good Lawyer

## **Full course description**

A lawyer fulfils an important task representing the interests of the client and upholding the rule of law, inside as well as outside of the courtroom. But whereas in the past the 'ethical behaviour of the attorney' was considered a given, it is now a topic of debate and often, for concern. In this course legal ethics will be approached from a critical point of view. Students will not only get acquainted with the role of the lawyer within the legal system but also with the theoretical foundation necessary for interpreting this role. In addition, we will look at the rules and regulations of the lawyer's professional ethics and we will consider solutions for 'real life' ethical dilemmas.

### **Course objectives**

Apart from gaining knowledge of professional ethics, the goal of the course is to sharpen the students' ability to render ethical judgements and to solve ethical problems. To this end the following learning outcomes are defined (and assessed): Knowledge and insight - rules and

regulations of the lawyer's professional ethics - the task and role of the attorney within the legal system Applying knowledge and insight, judgement and communication - being able to critically reflect on the role of the lawyer - being able to identify, analyse and assess ethical dilemmas - being able to distil ethical problems from a set of facts and apply the relevant rules of professional ethics to the case - being able to communicate (orally and in writing) the analysis of a case and present an appropriate solution

### Prerequisites

None MET4063 Period 5 6 Apr 2020 5 Jun 2020 Print course description ECTS credits: 6.0 Instruction language: English Coordinator:

• <u>B. Böhler</u>

Teaching methods: Lecture(s), PBL Assessment methods: Assignment, Final paper Keywords: rule of law, legal ethics, lawyer, professional ethics, Faculty of Law

# **Advanced Customs Law**

## **Full course description**

This course is a follow-up to the course 'Customs Law'. Therefore, the course 'Customs Law' and the knowledge of the topics addressed in that course constitute a prerequisite to this course. Advanced Customs Law thoroughly discusses various current and complex themes within international customs law, such as the consequences of the Brexit, the political and practical nature of trade wars, anti-dumping/subsidizing measures, VAT deferment schemes on importation, import liabilities, the confluence of VAT taxation and the levy of customs duties, and the collection of customs debts and digital trade. Although this course still takes a worldwide approach to Customs Law, a deep dive in certain aspects of EU Customs law will be part of this course. After this course, students have a solid knowledge of Customs Law, and should be able to solve complex real-life cases from a theoretical and practical point of view.

## **Course objectives**

The first week of this course is used to make a connection to the (basic) course in customs law (see section 4.2). Subsequently, the course builds further on this knowledge by focusing on various key

topics, such as storage, processing and transportation under customs supervision, collection, guarantee, repayment and waivers, legal protection and control frameworks. In week 5, special attention is paid to the rapidly expanding use and role of technology in customs. Week 6 and 7 are devoted to other aspects related to cross-border movements of goods: other levies on importation, anti-dumping, economic sanctions, export controls, protection of intellectual property (incl. counterfeiting) and protecting the society (health, safety, economics). The Intended Learning Outcomes for Advanced Customs Law are as follows:

Describe, understand and explain advanced topics in international customs law, including those related to key non-fiscal customs topics;

Give - in English - an informed opinion on the legislation and case law relevant to the various topics discussed;

Creatively and critically deal with the topics covered by this course, be able to show the points of failure of existing legislation (and/or case law) and to offer solutions to resolve these issues;

- Describe, understand, explain and be able to apply the concepts of storage, processing and transportation under customs supervision;
- Describe, understand, explain and be able to apply the concepts of collection, guarantee, repayment and waivers;
- Understand and be able to critically assess legal protection with respect to the levy of customs duties;
- Describe, understand, explain control frameworks, including the concepts of the Authorized Economic Operator, processes and control and risk management;
- Describe and understand the impact of technology in the field of customs law with respect to automation of processes, the exchange and evaluation of information and supply chain security;
- Describe, understand, explain what levies on importation, other than customs duties may be applied;
- Describe, understand, explain non-fiscal aspects of customs law, such as anti-dumping, economic sanctions and export controls;
- Solve complex real-life cases from a theoretical and practical point of view;
- Describe, understand and explain the interplay between various customs law systems applicable in a global context.

## Prerequisites

Customs Law

### **Recommended reading**

To be announced.

TAX4028 Period 5 6 Apr 2020 5 Jun 2020 Print course description ECTS credits: 6.0

Coordinator:

• <u>A.J. van Doesum</u>

Teaching methods: Lecture(s), PBL Keywords: Customs, Brexit, trade wars, anti-dumping, economic sanctioning. customs procedures. Faculty of Law

# Medische Aansprakelijkheid

## Full course description

Het blok Medische aansprakelijkheid is gewijd aan het civiele aansprakelijkheidsrecht, toegespitst op de gezondheidszorg. Centraal staat de vraag wanneer een patiënt die schade heeft geleden door een medische fout met succes vergoeding daarvan kan vorderen, en hoe de afwikkeling van een dergelijke claim plaatsvindt.

Het betreft zowel medisch-juridisch als maatschappelijk gezien een belangrijk onderdeel van het civiele aansprakelijkheidsrecht, met de nodige belangwekkende ontwikkelingen.

Het blok is onderverdeeld in zeven delen. Per week wordt een bepaald onderwerp behandeld. De thema's die aangeboden worden, zijn:

- introductie/context: soorten medische fouten, hun oorzaken (gebrekkige communicatie, gebrekkige medische apparatuur etc.) en hun gevolgen;

- de grondslag(en) waarop de patiënt zijn vordering tot schadevergoeding kan baseren;
- de maatstaf waaraan het handelen van de hulpverlener door de rechter wordt getoetst;

- de juridische betekenis van zelfregulering in de gezondheidszorg (standaarden, richtlijnen, protocollen e.d.);

- de aansprakelijk te stellen persoon/personen, mede in gevallen van samenwerking tussen hulpverleners (bijvoorbeeld teambehandeling; hoofdbehandelaar en medebehandelaars);

- causaliteitsproblemen: complicaties, en juridische oplossingen, bij het aantonen van het vereiste causaal verband tussen de medische fout en de geleden schade;

- de aansprakelijkheid bij het gebruik van gebrekkige medische

hulpmiddelen (bijvoorbeeld: lekkende PIP-borstimplantaten) en geneesmiddelen;

- vormen van schadevergoeding: materieel en/of immaterieel;

- procedurele aspecten: de wijze van omgaan met medische fouten door o.a. de hulpverlener, bewijs en bewijslastverdeling, de rol van (getuige-)deskundigen.

In de eerste colleges die tijdens het blok worden gegeven, wordt mede aandacht besteed aan de wettelijke regeling van de geneeskundige behandelingsovereenkomst (afdeling 7.7.5 BW). Kennis van de rechten en verplichtingen in de relatie hulpverlener – patiënt is nodig voor een goed begrip

van het medische aansprakelijkheidsrecht. Ook wordt ingegaan op de Wet kwaliteit, klachten en geschillen zorg (Wkkgz) en de Wet op de beroepen in de individuele gezondheidszorg (Wet BIG), omdat de inhoud daarvan mede van belang is voor (de beoordeling van) de civielrechtelijke aansprakelijkheid van de hulpverlener.

### **Course objectives**

Het verwerven van kennis van, en inzicht in, (soorten) medische fouten en het medische aansprakelijkheidsrecht. In het bijzonder: de wijze van afwikkeling van claims van patiënten. Hierbij: verbreding en verdieping van de aanwezige voorkennis met betrekking tot het verbintenissenrecht (overeenkomst, onrechtmatige daad, schadevergoeding) en toepassing van die kennis in de medischjuridische praktijk.

### Prerequisites

Basiskennis (bachelorniveau) privaatrecht, in het bijzonder aansprakelijkheidsrecht.

### **Recommended reading**

- Wijne, R.P., Medische aansprakelijkheid, tweede druk, Nijmegen: Ars Aequi Libri 2019.
- Legemaate, J. en Kastelein, W.R., *Sdu Wettenverzameling Gezondheidsrecht 2019-2020*, Den Haag: Sdu Uitgevers 2019.

Nadere informatie over de te gebruiken wetgeving en literatuur wordt tijdens de eerste onderwijsbijeenkomst verstrekt door de tutor.

PUB4024 Period 4 3 Feb 2020 3 Apr 2020 Print course description ECTS credits: 6.0 Coordinator:

• <u>M.M. ten Hoopen</u>

Teaching methods: Lecture(s), PBL Assessment methods: Written exam Keywords: Madiacha fautan med

Medische fouten, medische aansprakelijkheid, voorwaarden voor succesvolle aansprakelijkstelling, schadevergoeding, wijze van omgaan met medische fouten, processuele aspecten van medische aansprakelijkheidsprocedures.

# **Master internship International Laws**

Faculty of Law

# **Master's internship International Laws**

LAW4586 Year 1 Sep 2019 31 Aug 2020 Print course description ECTS credits: 12.0 Instruction language: English Coordinators:

- <u>I. Rezelman</u>
- K.G.M. Mertens

Teaching methods: PBL Assessment methods: Written exam Faculty of Law

# **Master's internship International Laws**

LAW4585 Year 1 Sep 2019 31 Aug 2020 Print course description ECTS credits: 6.0 Instruction language: English Coordinators:

- <u>I. Rezelman</u>
- K.G.M. Mertens

Teaching methods: PBL Assessment methods: Written exam Thesis

# **Master thesis International Laws**

Faculty of Law

## **Master thesis International Laws**

#### **Course objectives**

The student is able to autonomously formulate a legal research question at Master's level and to provide an answer to this question in a legally and linguistically correct and structured manner and with adequate references.

The student is able to collect and interpret relevant legal sources, and where necessary also social and scientific data, with the aim of formulating an opinion on a legal question. This opinion is based on the weighing of relevant legal and possibly societal or ethical aspects.

In answering the research question, the student is able to apply his/her knowledge and insight in such a way that this shows a professional approach to his/her work or profession.

The student demonstrates knowledge and understanding and is able to contribute to the development and/or application of original ideas, either within an academic or a professional context.

In this context, the student demonstrates in particular that(s)he has the required competences for substantiating and solving problems in the field.

The student equally demonstrates that (s)he has the ability to integrate knowledge and handle complexity, and formulate judgements even with respect to research questions that are new, in the sense that they have not yet been addressed widely or extensively in earlier publications, or interdisciplinary.

The student demonstrates that (s)he is capable of communication his/her conclusions, and the knowledge and rationale underpinning these clearly and unambiguously to a scientific audience that mainly consists of lawyers but may include professionals from other fields.

The student demonstrates that (s)he possesses the research and writing skills necessary to carry out legal research autonomously either within an academic or within a professional context.

LAW4080 Year 1 Sep 2019 31 Aug 2020 Print course description ECTS credits: 12.0 Instruction language: English Coordinator:

• <u>A.P.M. Coomans</u>

Teaching methods: PBL Assessment methods: Written exam